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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The second session of the Fifty-sixth Congress met yesterday at noon; the President's message was received and read in both houses; no business of importance was transacted. —— The first bill of the session, introduced in the House, makes an apportionment under the new census. —— Secretary Root's bill for reorganization of the army was introduced in the House and referred to committee. —— Democratic members caucussed to consider the course to be taken on the army legislation; the caucus adjourned without action. —— The ship subsidy bill will probably be taken up in the House to day. —— Four men and a boy killed and thirteen people injured by a boiler explosion in Chicago. —— A number of Catholic missionaries and native Christians massacred in the province of Shan Si, China. —— —— New York markets: Money on call firmer at 3½@6 per cent., the last loan being at 4 per cent.; cotton dull, middling uplands 10 3-16c; flour quiet and steady; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red 78¾c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 45¾c; oats—spot firm, No. 2 25½c; rosin quiet, strained common to good $1.65@1.70; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 3.

Temperatures: -8 A. M., 47 degrees; 8 P. M., 65 degrees; maximum, 68 degrees; minimum, 42 degrees; mean, 55 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, —; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date. —.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—For North Carolina: Rain Tuesday; Wednesday fair and colder; fresh to brisk northeasterly winds, becoming northwesterly Tuesday night.

Port Almanac---December 4.

Sun Rises	6.54 A. M.
Sun Sets	4.46 P. M.
Day's Length	9 H. 52 M.
High Water at Southport	5 45 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	8 15 A. M.

The Dowager Empress of China is frequently called Tsi An; but she isn't Tsi An, nor Mary An either. But she is a rattler all the same.

The business of the lawyers is picking up in Chicago. Within the past six weeks twenty-five persons have been killed at the railroad grade crossings.

Ten thousand Chinese are being brought into Mexico to work in the mines. When they get tired of Mexico the can waltz across the border and squat on this side.

The sales of tickets for Sarah Bernhardt's five weeks' run in New York aggregate $100,000. Sarah gets $1,000 a night. She says she likes this country. Why not?

Between January 1st and October 24th of the present year the Klondike panned out $16,000,000 worth of gold, and the Canadians are miffed because most of it comes to this country.

Director of the Mint, Roberts, predicts an output of $365,000,000 gold next year. If this thing keeps on they will be moving to demonetize gold and make silver the royal money metal.

Mr. Hart, of New York, doesn't propose to have any rioting over his fortune when he is gone, and is, therefore, superintending the division of it himself, while he is in good health.

Some people are surprised at the Kaiser's equanimity at the criticism of his speeches by some of the members of the Reichstag. Maybe he is getting used to it, and it doesn't hurt like it did.

More than 35,000 persons are engaged in the fish-catching business in this country, not counting the amateurs. The annual catch amounts to about 400,000,000 pounds, worth $10,000,000.

MEETING OF CAPE FEAR CAMP.

Decided to Begin a Movement for Organization of Sons of Veterans.

There was a good attendance of veterans and sons of veterans at last night's regular monthly meeting of Cape Fear Camp No. 254, U. C. V., over which Commander Metts presided and at which Col. W. J. Woodward acted as secretary.

Plans were set on foot for the reorganization of the camp of Sons of Veterans in Wilmington and decided interest was manifested among the young men who were present.

On motion of Comrade Kerchner, seconded by Comrade Green, $25 was appropriated out of the Camp's funds for the Survivors' Home at Raleigh, at the solicitation of Miss Cameron.

It was decided to urge upon the Legislature the necessity for an annual appropriation for the maintenance of the Home.

Thanks were received from Camp No. 286, of Texas, for the donation of $10 for the storm sufferers, and also thanks for a donation to the Ladies' Memorial Association.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Sheriff MacRae says the advertised tax list will be published Thursday.

— The Gattis-Kilgo trial was a close second to the Senatorial primary.

— Mr. Edgar Mintz has been appointed a deputy by Sheriff Stedman. All the new appointees were sworn in yesterday afternoon.

— The STAR makes grateful acknowledgement to Mr. Wm. Niestle, the druggist, for two very pretty and valuable calendars for the coming year.

— The display window of Mr. W. C. VonGlahn's shoe store, on South Front street, was broken Saturday or Sunday night and several pairs of shoes stolen.

— The STAR returns its thanks to Mr. T. H. Thompson, representing the Eagle Paper Company, Richmond, Va., for a very handsome calendar for the coming year.

— Mr. and Mrs. Elisha B. Jordan have announced the marriage of their daughter, Mrs. Cora Jordan Horne, to Mr. Thomas Edward King, Tuesday afternoon, December 4th, at 2 o'clock, No. 116 Red Cross street.

— Alex. McIntyre; the negro who assaulted young C. T. Herring at Seventh and Castle streets a few nights ago, was sent to jail by Justice McGowan yesterday morning in default of $50 bond for his appearance at the next term of Criminal Court.

— The schooners *Ira B. Ellems* and *W. R. Perkins* were cleared yesterday for Port-au-Prince and Cape Hayti, respectively, with lumber, consigned by Messrs. S. & W. H. Northrop. The brig *Haskell* was also cleared for St. Christopher with lumber.

— Evangelist Sutton and his associate in divine healing, who held meetings here week before last, appear to have dissolved copartnership, so to speak. Mr. Sutton is now conducting holiness services in the armory at Fayetteville, and expresses surprise that the people of Fayetteville, and the ministers especially, are so slow in taking hold of him.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

King Grocery Co.—Coffee chat.
J.H. Rehder & Co.—Unusual sale.
Munroe & Kelley—Xmas furniture.
Notice—New Telephone subscribers.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

VanAmringe—For sale cheap.

SAD DEATH SUNDAY NIGHT.

Mrs. Arabella Gore Rogers Passed Away After a Week's Illness—Funeral This Afternoon.

It is with sincere sorrow that the STAR chronicles this morning the death of Mrs. Arabella Gore Rogers, wife of Mr. L. B. Rogers, and daughter of Mr. D. L. Gore, of this city, which occurred shortly before 10 o'clock on Sunday night at the family residence on Dock between Sixth and Seventh streets.

Mrs. Rogers had been critically ill for more than a week, and while the worst was feared at almost any moment her passing away came as a shock and brought the deepest sorrow to the family, her grief-stricken and devoted husband and a wide circle of friends in Wilmington and elsewhere.

Mrs. Rogers was twenty-four years of age and was married to Mr. Rogers, one of Wilmington's most prominent young business men, on October 18th, 1899—just a little more than one year ago. She was a consistent member of the Baptist church and found joy in doing good and remaining faithful to every relation of life. She was a woman of the strongest character and with it she possessed a kind and lovable disposition.

Besides her sorrowing husband she leaves an infant son, aged two and one half months, a father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Gore, two brothers and one sister. The brothers are Jno. H. Gore, Jr., Esq., of this city, and Claude Gore, of Pacolet, S. C. The sister is Mrs. W. B. Cooper, of Wilmington, and to them all is poured out the sympathy of the community.

Mr. Claude Gore, the only absent member of the family, was telegraphed Sunday afternoon of his sister's critical illness and he will arrive this morning at 9.20 over the A. C. L. railroad.

The funeral will take place from the residence this afternoon at 3 o'clock and the interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

The Show Last Night.

"Too Rich to Marry," supposed to be a comedy drama, was attempted by a decidely unskillful set of actors at the Opera House last night. The performance throughout, both in point of lines, color and acting was as poor as has been presented here in many a day. A more appropriate title to the farce would have been "Too Poor to Succeed."

St. Paul's Church.

At a meeting of the congregation at St. Paul's church last night the following were elected vestrymen: Messrs. W. G. MacRae, R. C. Cantwell, W. P. Toomer, George O. Gaylord, R. H. Pickett, John J. Fowler, Edgar Taylor. They will meet at the rector's study at 8 o'clock this evening for the purpose of organizing.

— Capt. H. J. Elmon, of Mount Olive, was here yesterday, returning from Raleigh.

COUNTY'S NEW YEAR.

Newly Elected Officers Assume Charge of Affairs for the Ensuing Term.

PERSONNEL LITTLE CHANGED.

All Again Took the Oath and Submitted Their Bonds—Meeting of Board of County Commissioners Yesterday—Routine Matters.

A multitude of matters incident to the beginning of the new fiscal year by the New Hanover County Commissioners came up at yesterday afternoon's regular monthly meeting of the Board, which continued from 2.30 o'clock until after 6 P. M. The most important of these, perhaps, was the induction into office of the new officials chosen in August and the naming by the Board of the appointive officers under the administration.

The personnel of the body, which will preside over affairs during the next two years, is about the same as during the preceding term, with the exception of Mr. Frank H. Stedman, who succeeds Sheriff Walter G. MacRae, who declined re-nomination.

After the old Board of Commissioners had adjourned, the new one, composed of the same gentlemen, met and organized by re electing, upon motion of Commissioner Holmes, Mr. D. McEachern chairman. Previously, however, the members were sworn in by Col. John D. Taylor, clerk of the Superior Court.

The first official act of the newly organized board was the swearing in by the chairman of the other officers in their order as follows: Frank H. Stedman, sheriff; H. McL. Green, treasurer; Wm. Sheehan, constable, W. H. Biddle, register of deeds; John McLaurin, deputy register of deeds; Dr. W. F. Stokes, coroner.

These filed their bonds as follows, the same having been referred to the Auditing Board for examination and approval at a subsequent meeting.

Frank H. Stedman—Three bonds in the sum of $5,000, $35,000 and $50,000, respectively, with Messrs. John S. Armstrong, C. W. Yates, M. J. Corbett and J. A. Spriger, as sureties. Messrs. Yates and Armstrong justified in the sum of $25,000 each and Messrs. Corbett and Springer in the sum of $20,000 each.

H. McL. Green—Bond in the sum of $90,000 with Messrs. J. A. Armstrong, J. H. Chadbourn, Jr., and C. W. Yates, as sureties, each of whom justified in the sum of $50,000.

Wm. Sheehan, Sr.—Bond in sum of $1,000, with Messrs. M. O'Brien, Sol Bear and Godfrey Hart as sureties, each of whom justified in the sum of $1,000.

W. H. Biddle—Bond in the sum of $10,000, with the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company as surety.

Dr. W. F. Stokes had previously presented his bond. Col. Jno. D. Taylor renewed his bond for the remaining two years of his term, with Messrs. B. F. Hall, James Sprunt and James C. Stevenson as sureties, each of whom justified in the sum of $5,000.

Board elections were made as follows: Owen Fennell, clerk of the County Audit and Finance Board; Jordan W. Branch, janitor of the Court House; M. G. Chadwick, keeper of the County Home; W. H. Shearin, manager of the rock quarry convict squad; H. Gerdes, superintendent of Oak Grove cemetery; G. C. Simmons, county standard keeper; H. Hauser, keeper of the Court House clock.

For the position of clerk to the Audit and Finance Board there were three applications, Capt. W. P. Oldham, Capt. A. L. DeRosset and Mr. Owen Fennell. Mr. Fennell received four votes and Capt. Oldham one.

For the position of janitor of the Court House there were four applications, H. W. Howell, W. S. Walker, J. W. Branch and G. W. Bornemann, Mr. Branch received a unanimous vote.

J. B. Dempsey and M. G. Chadwick were the only bidders for the keeping of the County Home. With use of the farm the first named bid 22½ cents per day, for boarding, clothing and keeping the inmates, while the last named bid 20 cents.

The bidders for the management of the county convict squad were W. H. Shearin, 25 cents each per day; Samuel Blossom 27½ cents each per day.

H. Gerdes was elected unanimously as keeper of the cemetery at $50 per year. The only other applicant was the present keeper, T. F. Bell.

For the position of county standard keeper G. C. Simmons received four votes and G. T. Bland, one. H. Hauser bid $50 for keeping in repair the Court House clock, subject to certain conditions to be named by the Board.

Routine Matters Considered.

Besides the matters referred to above there were a number of routine and uninteresting matters that claimed much time of yesterday afternoon's meeting. An executive session lasting nearly an hour was held in the grand jury room just before the regular session and in this way the question of elections was very much facilitated.

At the meeting of the old Board W. A. Mahler was excused from poll tax on the ground that he has not yet secured naturalization papers.

Transfer of owners was made on the tax list regarding property in blocks 47 and 52 valued at $300 and $400, respectively, and accredited to Van J. Millis. DuBruts Outlar, Esq., was named as owner.

Upon recommendation of the County Attorney, Mr. W. A. Riach was relieved of tax on A. C. L. stock and stock in Wilmington Underwriters' Insurance Association, it having appeared that tax on same has been paid in another form.

A clerical error on the tax books was changed assessing certain property of Mr. W. L. Smith, trustee, at $600 instead of $800.

Proceedings of New Board.

After disposal of the routine matters by the old Board and the organization of the new, the following items of unimportant business were transacted:

Upon representation of C. R Mason, Benj. Pickett, white, of Harnett township was placed on the out-door poor list and allowed $2 per month.

Application of Mr. S. A. Schloss for reduction in tax valuation of Ocean View Hotel property from $8,000 to $5,000 was referred to committee consisting of Commissioners Holmes and Montgomery.

The Register of Deeds reported having paid into the treasury $33.75 as revenue from marriage licenses during the past month.

Dr. McMillan the county physician, reported having treatsd 154 patients in his office and having made 73 visits to 15 patients at their homes. Only 7 hemorrhagic malarial fever cases were reported during the past month, showing a marked improvement in conditions. The county institutions were reported in their usual good condition.

The county physician was requested to look into the merits of an application of Rose Howard for a place on the out-door poor list.

Joe Eagles, colored, of Wilmington township, was relieved of poll tax for one year on account of physical disability.

Messrs. Vollers and Alexander were requested to look after the matter of reduction in tax valuation of a lot belonging to Bertha Hazel on Fifth between Wooster and Dawson streets.

Col. John D. Taylor reported having on hand $2,712.21 in trust funds.

Justice Fowler reported having paid into the treasury $65 collected in fines from his magistrate court during the year; Justice McGowan reported $15.

Frank Brown was granted license to sell malt liquors at No. 513 Campbell street and E. J. Pollard at No. 202 Princess street.

Capt. Barry's report as road supervisor was presented and ordered on file.

The printing of the advertised tax list was awarded to the Jackson & Bell Company for four cents per line; also, for making eight record books for the Register of Deeds at $9 each.

Mr. J. H. Taylor was awarded the contract for furnishing county with coal for the year beginning January 1st, 1901. The price is $6.90 per ton for hard coal delivered at Court House and jail and $8.75 delivered at the County Home. The price of soft coal is $5.40 and $7.15.

Sheriff MacRae reported his collections of Schedule B tax from December 1st, 1899, to December 1st, 1900. The total amount is $19,261 84 of which $4,818.96 goes to the State, $3,421.63 to the county, and $11,021 25 to the school fund. Of the last named amount $11,000 comes from liquor license and the remainder from auctioneer's license. These amounts are less commissions of $240.94 on State, $171.08 on county, and $551.06 on school fund collections.

It was ordered that Mrs. Agnes L. Parsley be relieved of tax on twelve shares of stock in the Bank of Wayne, she having only three shares in that institution.

B. F. Keith made application for reduction in real estate valuation but it was refused. W. A. Bremer was allowed a rebate of the amount of tax on $1,000 worth of property errone ously listed.

Application of N. L. Smith for tax reduction was referred to the chairman.

J. V. Grainger was allowed a rebate of $7.56 on bank stock tax which had been once paid.

It was ordered that as only 50 per cent. of the stock in the Guardian Security Trust and Deposit Company Company was paid in on June 1st that the tax assessment on same be reduced from $16,000 to $8,000.

The Board adjourned, subject to call of the chairman.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. D. Mallard, of Wallace, was here yesterday.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Burkhimer returned yesterday from a visit to Brunswick, Ga.

— Capt. W. S. Moore, of Snead's Ferry, Onslow county' was a pleasant visitor to the STAR office yesterdey.

— Capt. Landon C. Jones has charge of the Newbern passenger train this week in place of Capt. Crapon, the regular conductor, who is attending court.

— Presiding Elder R. F. Bumpass, Rev. John H. Hall, Rev. J. W. Potter, Rev. A. S. Barnes of Whiteville, Rev. M. Bradshaw of Maxton, Rev. S. E. Mercer of Laurel Hill, Rev. L. S. Massey and wife of Laurinburg, left yesterday afternoon for Newbern to attend the N. C. Annual M. E. Conference which will meet to-morrow morning at nine o'clock in that city.

Stonewall Lodge K. of P.

The following officers were elected at a meeting of Stonewall Lodge No. 1. K. of P. last night.

C. C.—C. W. Stewart.
N. C.—W. E. Davis.
Prelate—J. C. Davis.
M. of W.—J. O. Wiggs.
K. of R. & S.—W. F. Robertson.
M. of F.—D. F. Barnes.
M. of E.—H. J. Bierman.
M. at A.—G. A. Peterson.
I. G.—E. H. Batson.
O. G.—J. M. Holmes.

The above officers will be installed in January 1901.

BEAUTIFUL MEMORIAL SERVICE BY THE ELKS.

Ceremonies by Wilmington Lodge Sunday Afternoon Witnessed by Very Large Crowd--Address by Dr. Strange.

The STAR regrets that unusual encroachments upon its space this morning by lengthy reports of board meetings will not permit of an extended account of the very excellent and appropriate memorial exercises held Sunday afternoon in the Opera House by the Wilmington Lodge of Elks. Suffice it to say, however, that in no city, perhaps, in the South was the day more elegantly observed by the members of this great order.

The exercises were witnessed by a very large crowd and the strictest and most respectful attention marked the event. The stage from which the service was conducted was splendidly decorated with smilax, ferns, palms, etc., and presented a scene in keeping with the spirit of the occasion. On the rostrum were the Rev. Dr. Robert Strange, the Rev. Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, Exalted Ruler H. J. Gerken, of the Wilmington Lodge of Elks, and other prominent members of the fraternity in Wilmington; the choir and orchestra.

Exalted Ruler Gerken opened the exercises by briefly stating the significance and the usual custom of the Elks in holding such a service. After musical selections Dr. Blackwell led in the following very fervent prayer:

O Lord God of the fatherless and the widow, we seek refuge beneath thy wings of charity, justice and love. Thou tender Shepherd of the bleeding flock bear on thy shoulders of strength the torn and shelterless lambs. Thou God of Abraham, who didst answer with bread and water the despairing cry of outcast Hagar and the lad; thou God of Elijah, who gavest meal and oil to the widow of Zarephath; thou God of the good Samaritan, who bound up the wounds of the robbed and ruined youth fallen on the road to Jericho, we plead to thee in confidence and faith to use this noble order of Elks to continue and enlarge thy mercies among the needy of our city. Thou hast blest their good deeds in other cities, bless them here we pray thee.

We thank thee that in this "Lodge of Sorrow" no candle has as yet been extinguished, but for the bleeding hearts of the order elsewhere, who have loved and lost, we beseech consolation from thee, O God, of justice, charity and brotherly love. Amen.

After an anthem by the special quartette named in Sunday's paper, the opening ceremonies of the lodge were held. These were exceedingly pretty and impressive and were participated in by the officers of the lodge, led by Exalted Ruler Gerken.

The address by Dr. Strange was decidedly the feature of the exercises and an attempt at quotation from the same would detract from the whole, perhaps, which is pronounced one of his best and most pleasing efforts.

The programme as printed in the STAR on Sunday was carried out to the letter and is pronounced one of the most elaborate and successfully executed in the history of the memorial services in Wilmington. Too much praise cannot be given the enterprising committee of arrangements consisting of Jack Bellamay, J. Van B. Metts and Thos. W. Davis.

At the close of the service a collection of $49.61 was taken for the poor, the same having been turned over to Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, president of the Associated Charities. In writing a letter of thanks for the generous donation Dr. Blackwell says.

"This token of your unsought charity is only in keeping with the best traditions of your noble order, as I have noted elsewhere. We hail with unfeigned pleasure the success of the Elks in our city and count them among our hearty co-workers in charity.

Allow me personally to congratulate the order on the beauty and success of its first public ceremonies in the Opera House yesterday afternoon."

The ushers for the service were Messrs. Ike Solomon, Harry Crosswell, Champ. McD. Davis, Thos. H. Wright and Lacy Hunt. The decorations were furnished by Mr. C. F. Will Rehder.

PERHAPS FATALLY INJURED.

An Employe of Delgado Mills Crushed in an Elevator—He May Die of His Wounds.

A horrible accident occurred yesterday afternoon about 4:30 o'clock at Delgado. Mr. J. E. Erby, a loom fixer at the mills, in attempting to jump into a moving steam elevator on the second floor, missed his footing and was severely crushed against a brick arch above him. His injuries are about the abdomen and are considered fatal though there is a slight chance, it is said, of his recovery. Dr. J. T. Schonwald is giving the injured man the necessary surgical attention at the hotel in the village where he is boarding. The injured man is about 25 years old and is unmarried. He came from Spray, N. C., some months ago and is universally liked by his associates. He is a member of the Odd Fellow fraternity.

An employe of the mill with whom the reporter talked last night, said the accident was the result of the young man's carelessness. The employes of the mill had been frequently warned of the danger in jumping on or off the elevator while it was in motion.

Mr. and Mrs. Haar Bereaved.

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Haar sympathize greatly with them in the loss of their infant daughter, Annie, whose death occurred yesterday morning at 4 o'clock at the family residence, No. 108 South Front street. She was 11 months and 28 days of age. The funeral will be from the residence this morning and the interment will be in Oakdale.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN

Held Monthly Meeting for December Last Night at the City Hall,

NEW SANITARY ORDINANCE.

Hearing Reports of Committees and Discussion Regarding Health Department Consumed Greater Portion of the Session.

The Board of Aldermen held a comparatively short session last night and an adjournment was reached before 10 o'clock. The hearing of reports of the various committees and a long discussion of a sanitary ordinance, which was at length adopted, consumed a greater portion of the time, though there were several minor matters which were discussed.

Present at the meeting were Mayor Waddell, Aldermen MacRae, Littleton, Springer, Taylor, Worth, Hanby, Woolard, Parker and West, Dr. C. T. Harper, superintendent of health, City Attorney Meares, Chief of Police Parmele, City Engineer McRee and City Clerk and Treasurer King.

The new sanitary ordinance was the last item considered before adjournment. It was proposed several months ago by Dr. Harper to take the place of the one rendered null and void by the Supreme Court some time ago in the scavenger cases which went up from New Hanover. The ordinance is fashioned after the Baltimore ordinance and when first presented it went into hands of City Attorney Meares for examination. As adopted last night, it provides a license tax of $50 per year upon each scavenger in the city and provides penalties for infractions of its provisions. The tax is payable in advance and all operations are placed under the supervision of the superintendent of health, who shall receive daily reports of the work being done.

The adoption of the ordinance was supplemented by Alderman Taylor with a a motion expressing it as the sentiment of the board that in the future violators of the sanitary provisions by citizens generally would be prosecuted vigorously. Both Aldermen Taylor and MacRae referred to a seeming laxity in the affairs of the health department touching sanitary matters and strongly advised a reform.

Under head of reports from committees a bill from Mr. John S. Harriss, a huckster in Front street market, was submitted, the same claiming damage to his stock by a leak in the roof of the market house. The matter was referred to the Market Committee with instructions to confer with the city attorney as to the liability in the matter.

Alderman Taylor, of the Light Committee, reported a very satisfactory improvement in the service by the Wilmington Gas Light Company and anticipated no further trouble. His committee, by request, was empowered to install two additional arc lights in the vicinities they may decide upon.

Alderman Taylor, of the Streets and Wharves Committee, reported the arrival of the 50-horse power boiler for the engine at the rock quarry and stated that the big roller to-day would be put in service on the streets. The derrick apparatus was reported to be in splendid working order at the quarry and with a force of 50 men, Alderman Taylor stated that 400 tons of rock could be quarried per day. In one comparatively favorable week, he said that he had made a calculation as to the actual cost of getting out the rock and found it only about 40 cents per ton. The cost to put it on the streets would make the total about 70 cents per ton. Alderman Taylor, as chairman of the fire committee, reported that all the school buildings had now been provided with proper fire escapes.

Mayor Waddell referred several unimportant communications from a distance to the proper committees. He also stated that it was his desire that the city should receive some revenue from its several wharves in the city. At present they are free to the public and some revenue could be derived with an enactment covering the case. The matter was referred to the City Attorney. The Mayor also asked for reports from the chairmen of the several committees for incorporation in his forthcoming report, which will be issued as soon after January 1st as possile.

The question of providing quarters for all the huckster carts at the Front Street Market and requiring them to stay within the building was left with the Market committee.

Emanuel Garcia and M. Y. Johnson were relieved of poll tax on account of physical disability. A reduction in keepting with that made by the county in the valuation of property of Mr. James Durham was also ordered.

The Atlantic Coast Line was granted privilege to extend its dummy track two car lenths on Dock street.

Dr. Charles T. Harper was granted a leave of absence from December 15th to December 31st, in accord with conditions specified in his request.

The matter of granting liquor licenses was not taken up for the reason that all applications are not yet in, and for the further reason that a special meeting will be held soon in time for issuing the same before January 1st, the time limit.

The Chief of Police reported 77 arrests during the month of November, 22 of white and 55 of colord persons.

The Cattle Weigher reported having weighed and inspected 535 cattle during the past month, and the payment into the treasury of $80.25 as revenue from the same. He was instructed to enforce the law as to the proper report of hides sold in the city.

The report of the Superintendent of Health has already been published in part. That part of it relating to sanitary matters says that 2,236 inspections were made during the month, 731 of the premises visited having been found in bad condition; 172 lime and acid orders were issued during the month; 9 fumigations were made, and the trash carts under this department hauled 1,111 loads. Two cases of scarlet fever and one of diphtheria occurred during the month.

The report of the City Clerk and Treasurer showed a balance from the last account of $28,817.88; receipts, $28,667.33. Total, $57,485.21. The disbursements, including payment of notes were $50,284.60, leaving a balance to the November account of $7,200.61.

The Board adjourned to meet again in special session at the call of the Mayor.

Street Railway Company Answers.

The Wilmington Street Railway, through its attorney, Col. A. M. Waddell, yesterday filed in the U. S. Court an answer to the recent bill in equity asking on behalf of the Morton Trust Company, of New York, a foreclosure of the mortgage on the road, amounting to $150,000, for the security of 6 per cent. bonds. Though a copy of the answer could not be secured for publication to day, it is learned that the import of same indicates that the litigation is what is usually termed "friendly" for the accomplishment of certain ends.

— Miss Zoe Hall and brother, Murr Hall, of Sumter, S. C., who have been the guests of Miss Nellie Pickard, have returned home, much to the regret of their many friends.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

MARRIED.

CROOM-STERNBERGER—In this city, yesterday at 3 45 P. M., at the parsonage of St. Andrew's Church, by Rev. A. D. McClure, Miss Rosa Sternberger to James L. Croom, both of Wilmington.

DIED.

HAAR—Yesterday (Monday) morning at 4 o'clock at the residence, 108 South Front street, ANNIE HAAR, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Haar, aged 11 months and 28 days.

Funeral this (Tuesday) morning at 10 o'clock from the residence. Interment at Oakdale cemetery. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

ROGERS—On Sunday night at 9.50 o'clock, ARABELLA GORE ROGERS, beloved wife of Leroy Baxter Rogers, and youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Gore, aged 24 years, 9 months and 14 days.

Funeral this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence, 603 Dock street, with interment at Oakdale cemetery. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

100 Cords Large Black Jack Wood.

Only 60 cents per load.
No. 615 Nutt street.
Our License Tax PAID.
nov 27 1w

Don't Be A Fool.

Go to R. R. Bellamy's and get a bottle of Goose Grease Liniment. It cures croup and coughs like magic, and all pains.
nov 18 6m

New Telephone Subscribers.

Patrons of the Southern Bell Telephone will please add the following to their lists:

No. 438. Jno. S. Harriss, green grocer, next to Market House.
No. 430. T. M. Turrentine, stock broker, 215½ North Front street.
No. 265. F. P. Turrentine, stock broker, 112 Princess street.
No. 430. T. W. Clawson, residence, 409 North Front street.
No. 737. M. H. P. Clark, dentist, 101 Princess street.
No. 634. Hemenway School, North Fifth street.

The above are new subscribers to the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company's Exchange in Wilmington, N. C., and are not in directory. dec 4 1t

Try Our Baker Before You Purchase

YOUR SUPPLY OF SUNDAY BREAD AND CAKE.

Our Candy Factory is in Full Blast.

Shipments of Fruit daily.

Andrew Mavronichols.

Palace Bakery. Bell 'Phone 261. Inter-State 'Phone 25. oct14 tf
Candy Store. Bell 'Phone 346. Inter-State 'Phone 191.

SALT.

3,600 bags Salt, ALL SIZES.

25 Boxes California Peaches.
15 Boxes Prunes.
57 Barrels Apples.
211 Boxes L. L. Raisins.
110 Boxes Firecrackers.
2,100 C. C. Nuts.
76 Boxes Mixed Nuts.
41 Barrels Table Salt.
1,450 Gross Matches.
176 Boxes Evaporated Apples.
81 Bags Best Grits.

W. B. COOPER,
308, 310 and 312 Nutt street,
nov 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

A Sale of Unusual Interest

at the Big Department Store is that in Dress Goods, commencing Tuesday, 8.30 A. M., for FIVE DAYS.

This is a most excellent opportunity to buy new and seasonable goods at a great Saving.

Bring this Advertisement with you.

50 inch Venitian Cloth, in dark green, brown, red, steel and pearl gray, castor and mode shades, good value at $1 25.
Special bargain 98c.

50 inch Broadcloth, in Roman red, Santiago blue, rose and pearl gray, dark green, brown, mode shades and royal blue. Other stores charge $1.25 for this goods
Our 5 day price 98c.

48 inch Broadcloth, brown, wine red, dark green and black.
Usual price $1.25.

50 inch all wool gray Socking 59 cts.
Real value 75c.

36 inch Black Crepon. Our every day price 55 cts.
5 day price 39½c.

30 inch Rainy Day Skirting, very cheap at 68 cts.
Sale price 50c

Fine lot fancy all wool goods. Very desirable value at 50 and 60 cts. They will go quickly at the
Sale price 39c.

One lot Plain and Fancy Suiting, 36 inches, good value at 38 cts.
Special 24c.

New Shades in the popular "Habuti Silks" just received.

Visit our NEW TOY ANNEX opposite our large store.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,
Near Fourth Street Bridge.
'Phones 115—218.
Car fare paid for all purchases of $2.00 and over. dec 4 tf

The Best 5c Cigar is "Cuban Blossom."

Sold by all Drug Stores.
Sold by all Saloons.
Sold by all Grocers.

The most popular Cigar ever put upon any market, because it is the best known by all smokers and universally accepted as far above the usual Nickel Cigar. The great majority of people smoke them. It is usually safe to follow the majority. Consumers are warned against substitutes, as there are cheap imitations on the market.

Vollers & Hashagen,
Sole ag'ts for North Carolina.
dec 2 tf

THE LIST IS LONG. The handsome and excellent things we have ready for

HOLIDAY PURCHASERS

can be counted by the hundreds. Everything that the

FURNITURE

makers produce is here waiting for Santa Claus to select what he needs.

MUNROE & KELLY,
No. 17 South Front street.
Bell 'Phone 115. dec 4 tf

Apples.

Evaporated Apples,
Baldwin Apples,
Raisins,
C. C. Nuts,
Mixed and Penny Candy,
Full line of Heavy Groceries.

SEND US YOUR ORDERS.

S. P. McNair,
dec 2 tf NORTH WATER STREET.

Bell 'Phone 313. **N. F. Parker,** Inter-State 'Phone 251.
111 Market Street.

Wholesale **Furniture** Retail

Upholstering, Repairing and Mattress Making BY EXPERTS.

The Spot Cash Price

is marked in plain figures on all goods, but to reliable parties I will sell on time suited to their convenience.

1900 DECEMBER 1900

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
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30	31					

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon 6 5:38 a.m. | New Moon 21 7:01 p.m.
Third Quarter 13 5:42 p.m. | First Quarter 28 8:46 p.m.

The Morning Star

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 4.

AS A WHITE REPUBLICAN IN FLORIDA SEES IT.

It is said that the Afro-American League, or some other negro organization in the North, is moving to get the restricted suffrage question as it applies in North Carolina and Louisiana before the Supreme Court of the United States. We hope they will, for the sooner this question is judicially settled the better it will be, and when it is settled we will know just how to proceed if there is anything further to be done, for white supremacy has come to stay in North Carolina, and it will come to stay in all the Southern States where it has not already come, and we will have more of it in North Carolina than we have now if the Supreme Court should decide against the suffrage amendment adopted.

The logical result of a decision against us would be to subject us to a reduced representation in Congress and in the electoral college in proportion to the number of negroes disfranchised, but in that case we would simply, knowing the consequences, proceed to disfranchise the whole race and thus forever and effectually solve the race problem as far as the franchise goes. Then we would have white supremacy, pure and simple, and the vocation of the stirrer-up of race strife would be gone.

But it will not come to that, for even if the Supreme Court should decide against us there will be no movement seriously entered upon to reduce Southern representation, for the inspiration of such a movement would be politics and not any particular interest taken in the negro. It isn't deemed necessary as a political move, for the Republicans have a sufficiently large majority in this and in the next Congress, and they will so shape the new apportionment as to increase this strength by giving some of the Republican States additional representation. As they can thus gain in the North and can gain nothing in the South for their party by playing the restriction game they will not waste much time on that.

Judging from the reports that have come from Washington this is about the conclusion that the Republican managers have come to, although these are not the reasons given. Mr. McKinley is averse to agitating that question, because he deprecates the stirring up of strife, and others, such as Gen. Grosvenor, do not want to agitate it, because they have something more pressing and important to engage their time and attention.

And then they have heard from some of the white Republicans in the South who haven't any more use for the negro as a political ally than the Democrats have. These white Republicans helped to relegate the negro, and desire to have him continue relegated, because this is the only way they see of making the Republican party passably respectable in the eyes of white men of this section. They say, and perhaps they believe, that if the negro were out of the party the white man might come in, which may be true of that class of white men who are selfish enough to be drawn towards the Republican party on account of the policies which they think put money into their pockets.

In a late issue of the New York *Sun* (which was during Cleveland's second candidacy for the Presidency a vigorous "anti-negro domination" paper arguing that this was the vital issue then, but is now in its role of Republican organ a negro suffrage defender) there is a letter from a Florida white Republican, called forth by some of the editorials in the *Sun*, in which he gives his views and some of the reasons why the Federal Government should keep its hands off and let the Southern white people solve this question in their own way. He is a Northern man, an adopted citizen of Florida, and speaking as a Republican, says:

"When I came South about twelve years ago from the State of Rhode Island I was a Democrat and was in thorough accord with the principles of that party as expounded and administered by Grover Cleveland, but never was a Populist and never expect to be. Since I came South to this Southern State, par excellence, my views on the subject of free trade have not changed considerably. I am a Republican from choice, from choice because I believe that the general policy carried out by the Republican party during the past four years has tended and will continue to tend to the benefit of this 'free and glorious land' at large.

"As regards Republican legislation in the nation generally I feel and sure that Southern white men to-day feel and believe that this legislation has been a decided benefit to us in one respect at least, and that is as regards our pockets, or financially.

"One thing prevents them voting the Republican ticket; we may try to get around it, but it still remains. You may call it race prejudice or the negro question, but it is the recollection of reconstruction days which will not die out as long as the negro remains here in the South in his present numbers and dominates the local Republican party. Sitting in a room in New York cite you can write us in your editorial on 'Not Sectional but National Sentiment,' &c., that we need not fear negro domination, but we white people living in a section where we have the negro with us all the time know more than you can tell us.

"You say that 'it is only a mere bugaboo kept alive for political purposes only.' Granting you that, I beg to state that our party, the Republican, is the party which keeps it alive here in the South; and I make the statement from my own personal knowledge. To substantiate it I will cite you three instances which have happened in this State during the past five years:

"First—The Republican party in this county (Monatee) is a white man's party. At the recent election twenty Republican votes were cast in this precinct and each vote was cast by a white man. Our county delegation to the State convention, which was held this year at St. Augustine, was composed of white men, but that convention, containing a majority of negro delegates, refused our delegation a seat in that convention, on the ground of a certain irregularity in the method of selecting the delegation, which irregularity, however, was overlooked in the selection of delegates from another county, and their delegation, which contained negro delegates, was seated. What do you call that, negro domination or negro discrimination?

"Secondly.—In a certain county in south Florida where the white population bears a proportion to the negro population of about five to one, and where the white Republican voters outnumber the negro Republican voters, the negroes have two county Executive Committeemen to the white man's one; and this is the committee which passes upon Federal appointments in that county and whose indorsement every white applicant for a Federal appointment must get.

"Thirdly—Such appointments as that of Joseph E. Lee, colored, to the fattest Federal office in this State, after white men have been shelved and pushed aside to make room for him, may please his (Lee's) relatives in New York State and in Ohio; but down here we neither attempt to palliate the fact nor deny that by such appointments we are constantly reminded of negro domination.

"I do not know that the Chinaman would make a better or worse citizen than the negro, but in order to keep the Pacific slope in the Republican column we simply and naturally had to assert white supremacy out there as a Republican doctrine. It seems to me that this policy was 'sorter' inconsistent with that of 1868-'70. Did it ever strike you in that light?

"J. M. STANSFIELD."

This man is probably engaged in some industry which reaps the benefit of the protective tariff and is candid enough to say that this is what has made him a Republican, and as it has made him a Republican he comes to the conclusion that it would convert other white men in the South if the negroes were out of the way politically. There are Republicans in this and in other States who entertain the same opinion, and these are all opposed to identifying the Republican party of the South with the negro and compelling it to carry him, as it has been carrying him. They feel as this Florida white Republican feels—that the white Republican would stand no show in a party dominated by the negro if the negro thought he could get along without the white man. He gives some illustrations of this in his State, and we have had illustrations in this State, and this had much to do with the support given the constitutional amendment by white Republicans in this State.

Some deference will be paid to the views of this class of Republicans, not so much on their account as on account of the representations they make of the prospective chances of building up a white Republican party by eliminating the negro. All of which gives good grounds for the opinion that the Republican managers will leave the negro question just where it is.

BAD METHODS IN SHIPPING.

The Jacksonville, Fla., *Times-Union and Citizen* notes the unbusiness-like methods pursued by the Florida truck and small fruit growers, who ship nearly everything they raise out of the State to New York, as if that were the only truck-buying city in the Union and truck came from nowhere but Florida. The result of this is that rushing their stuff in there all together, when other truckers from other sections are doing the same thing, soon increases the supply beyond the demand, congests the market, and car load after car load of the stuff becomes unfit for use, is condemned, dumped into scows and carried out to sea, while the prices on what is fit for consumption fall until there is no money for the producer and all goes to paying freight and commissions to the New York men who handle the consignments.

The *Times-Union and Citizen*, in a moderate estimate, puts the loss to Florida shippers on stuff thrown away at over $50,000 a season, all of which could be prevented by some system to regulate shipments so as to avoid overstocking the market. It suggests a better distribution, shipping more to markets in the South where better prices can be realized than in New York after the glut begins, and to other markets in other sections of the country.

What the Jacksonville paper says about the Florida truck and small fruit growers applies more or less to the truck and small fruit growers of North Carolina and other sections, who rush their shipments regardless of the supply, congest the market and injure themselves as well as others. They get good prices at first and spurred on by these they rush everything they can to market, and soon get back nothing and even find themselves charged for shortage of freights. This happens nearly every season, and will continue to happen while there is all rush and no system in supplying the market. The fact that the stuff shipped is perishable and subject to sanitary laws makes the necessity of system more obvious, for when it is condemned and destroyed the loss, including cost of transportation, falls on the shipper.

Some better system is necessary and the truckers and small fruit growers ought to be able to devise it, and save the thousands upon thousands of dollars they annually lose by present unbusinesslike methods.

SOME SUGGESTIVE FIGURES

The United States are now the leading nation of the world, leading all the Christsan nations, save Russia, in population, leading all in wealth, progress, resources, and enterprise. In the magnitude and growth of its external and internal commerce it exceeds them all, in the rapidity with which it puts armies in the field and navies on the seas it exceeds them all, and in the systems for the betterment of the individual citizen and the community it exceeds them all.

There are reasons for all this, reasons found in the natural bent of the people who believe in push, and in their self-reliance which is equal to any emergency, but perhaps the greatest factor in it is the universality of education which qualifies the person to fill the position in life that may fall to him, and to fill it effectively. The cultivated brain and the skilled hand, make a powerful combination, especially when combined in the person of indomitable self-reliance.

As an illustration the following table, quoted from the New York *World*, of the pupils in the common schools of the United States compared with those in similar schools in European countries is significant, and goes far towards explaining the rapid progress which this country has made:

United States	15,000,000
Great Britain and Ireland	5,678,640
France	5,535,125
German Empire	7,925,000
Austria	3,438,683
Hungary	1,858,216
Russia	3,779,818
Italy	2,589,000

As a whole the American people may not be better educated than the people of some other countries, Germany, for instance, where education is general, but there are more educated people (by which we mean people who have had the advantages of common schools), nearly twice as many as in Germany, nearly three times as many as in Great Britain and Ireland, or France, and nearly two-thirds more than the other four countries combined. It isn't merely in the ability to read, write and figure, that the advantage lies, but in the opportunities given to utilize this advantage by giving each individual free action, and encouraging individual effort, teaching the man to be a self-reliant thinker and planner and actor, instead of a mere machine. In this lies one of the strongest arguments against the Trust, which if it grows and becomes permanent will destroy this progressive, assertive individuality.

The Alabama man and pipe take the precedence as far as antiquity goes. A citizen of Sheffield, in that State, has the fossil remains of a man and a corncob pipe, found sixty feet below the surface in a bed hematite ore. How the man and the pipe got there, none of the present inhabitants know, and as he is thoroughly fossilized the inference is that he got there sometime before C. Columbus arrived on this side. This gives proof of the early settlement of Alabama and also that her people were far enough advanced to appreciate the pipe—a corncob pipe too.

Giving away a few millions occasionally will not send Mr. Carnegie to the poor house. The capital stock of his company is $100,000,000 with a like amount of bonds. He holds 58 per cent. of the total sum of each. The market value of the stock is now $1,500 a share which makes his holdings worth nearly $130,000,000. As he is somewhat advanced in years, he will have to hustle around lively to get rid of this and escape the "disgrace of dying rich."

The doctors in Oakland, Cal., have just found out what made Frank Ludwig Riekenburg a burglar and all around thief. While fighting Indians nine years one of them hit him at the base of the skull with the stock of a rifle, and knocked all moral consciousness out of him, ever since when he has been thieving. Lots of people become thieves without being hit by a rifle stock.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, is a man of sympathetic heart and level head. He wants the city to appropriate $20,000 to the building of a "municipal hotel," where respectable men who are out of employment and money can find lodging without corralling in the police stations with tramps and criminals.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Winston *Journal*: Mrs. Lee Charles died this morning at 9 o'clock at her home south of Salem from the effects of taking an overdose of patent medicine.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: Ned Avery, col., died at Hamilton Friday, and was buried by the white people of the town Saturday. They will erect a monument over his grave. Ned had been a staunch Democrat for the last fifteen or twenty years, and for this fact his race would have nothing to do with him.

— Concord *Standard*: Jacob Eller was on Friday morning exonerated of all connection with the case of murdering the two old ladies near Charlotte. His proof of alibi was complete, having three witnesses. At the time of the robbery he was at the home of J. D. Clark where he was doing some work.

— Durham *Herald*: C. R. Wilson, who lives on Morris street, was exhibiting yesterday some of the finest pears seen here in many a day. He said that he gathered sixteen bushels like the one he was showing off of two four year old trees. He sold the pears for two dollars per bushel netting him $20 for the product of these trees in one year.

— Greensboro *Record*: The J. Van Lindley Nursery Company have completed their usual heavy fall shipments. During the past thirty days they have shipped 18,000 orders to twenty one States and Canada, including eleven Southern and ten Northern and Western States. These shipments represent approximately 500,000 trees and plants.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Saturday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, Mr. Kenyon Jones was found dead in one of the rooms at the court house. An open gas jet told the tale of his death. Mr. Jones had been court crier for four years and was deputy sheriff under Sheriff Nowell. He was an excellent citizen and faithful and efficient in all his duties, and great regret is expressed at his untimely taking off.

— Mount Olive *Advertiser*: The shipping of holly, mistletoe and pine tops to Northern markets for use as holiday decorations, will soon be the order of the day. —— Mr. Jack Byrd, who resides a few miles from town, had a horse to die on Thursday from poison. Several other horses belonging to Mr. Byrd are sick and their symptoms are similar to the one that died. It is not known whether the poison was administered by parties unknown, or was caused by food found in grazing.

— Greenville *Reflector*: On Thursday a white man named Charles Edwards was arrested under suspicion of being the party who robbed the store of Dixon & Hooks at Winterville. We hear that some of the stolen goods were found in his possession and indentified, and that afterwards he made a confession of the robbery. —— Two colored boys living on Mr. B. F. Patrick's place just south of town, were fooling with a pistol Thanksgiving Day. The thing "went off," as usual, and one boy received a ball in the right brow that penetrated back into the brain. The boy was brought to Dr. Laughinghoue and the probed for, but it had gone to deep to deep to be found. The boy walked back home after the wound was dressed.

TWINKLINGS.

—She—"Would you recommend any particular method of learning golf?" He—"Decidedly! Co education."—*Puck.*

— "The husband of the Dowager Empress, of course, is dead." "Oh! well, I suppose he doesn't object to that."—*Puck.*

— Miss Old Maid (very angular in figure)—"Do you know Mr. Filde, the artist, wants me to stand for him as a model?" Clara—"What? Is he studying geometry?"—*Pick Me Up.*

— Prison Visitor—My poor man, how did you get in here? Convict—Hard luck. I didn't manage to steal enough to engage a first-class lawyer to defend me!—*Tit-Bits.*

— The Difference: She—"What's the difference between vaudeville and variety?" He—"Oh, you call it vaudeville when you first get the habit of going and are still a little ashamed of it."—*Indianapolis Press.*

— A Lack of Faith.—Mose—Ah had mah robbit's foot right in mah pocket, and still she refused me! Pete—Doan be rash, nigger! Does yo' reckon yo' knows bettah what am gooe fo' yo' dan dat rabbit's foot does?—*Puck.*

— "Do you think it will take, doctor?" asked the fair young bud who was being vaccinated. "Well," replied the gallant doctor, "if it doesn't take on such a pretty arm as that I'll have no respect for vaccine hereafter."—*Chicago Record.*

— Enjoyment Worth the Punishment.—"Willie," said the elder sister at the juvenile party, "you'll be ill if you eat any more, and then you won't be able to go to school to morrow." "Well," said Willie, with a sigh "It's worth it."—*Moonshine.*

— Walking Lady (late for rehersal)—"Oh, I'm so sorry to be late! I do hope you haven't all been waiting for me?" Stage Manager (icily)—"My dear Miss Chalmers, incompetence is the gift of heaven; but attention to business may be cultivated!"—*Punch.*

— She (after reading of the shipwreck)—"Oh, my! They say it was the most awful disaster in recent years. Only one man survived to tell the story. Isn't that terrible?" He—"Frightful! What a horrible bore that man will be."—*Philadelphia Press.*

— Bobbs—"Too bad about Nobbs. Lost all of his furniture because of a false alarm of fire at his house." Dobbs—"But if there was no fire, how could his furniture be destroyed?" Bobbls—"Well, you see, Nobbs lives in a suburban town where they have a volunteer fire department."—*Baltimore American.*

—— In some quarters there is a feeling that Mr. Pettigrew might perform a great service for the Republican party by talking the ship subsidy bill to death.—*Washinyton Post, Ind.*

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Every bottle guaranteed. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Both the United States and Great Britain are guilty of grand plagiarism when they call the Filipinos and Boers "mere bandits." Weyler is the author of that expression, but there was a mighty protest in this country when he applied it to the Cuban patriots a few years ago.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— If some of those European official bodies who are doing so much talking for the Boers would "close their features" and send over some soldiers and supplies, Oom Paul would not feel that his official tour was only a junketing trip like that of any ordinary city councilman.—*Richmond Times, Dem.*

—— Australian frozen beef and mutton are now supplied to the army in the Philippines at a very considerable saving as compared with Chicago Beef Trust prices. The quality is said to be satisfactory. In the item of cost of transporation the Australian product laid down at Manila has a very considerable advantage.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

— Lord Curzon, viceroy of India, recently said: "An Anglicized Indian is not a more attractive spectacle in my eyes that an Indianized Englishman. Both are hybrids of an unnatural type." Perhaps, however, Americanized Filipinos will look better. Especially the 15,000 renegades whom it it proposed to enlist in blue to help fight their fellow countrymen.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

CALLED HER SON.

By Mistake She Communicated With the Wrong Institution.

A Pittsburg woman tells this story on herself: She had a son attending a preparatory school near Sing Sing. She went to New York not long ago to pay him a visit. She stopped at the Fifth Avenue hotel on her arrival, and she desired to call up the school by telephone to inform him that she would be up the following day. She asked the young man in charge of the hotel exchange to call up Sing Sing for her and get telephone No. 71. He did so, and she sat down to talk.

"Hello!" she said. "Is that Sing Sing?"

"It is."

"Well, I want 71. I'm Mrs. Highland, and I want to speak to my son."

"What number did you say, madam?"

"No. 71."

"Your son, you said?"

"Yes, my son—Harry Highland."

"Hold the telephone a moment."

She waited a minute or two, and then Sing Sing said:

"Sorry, madam, but we can't allow you to talk to him over the telephone."

"What's that? Can't allow me to talk to my son? What sort of an institution is that, I'd like to know?"

"You must come here in person on a visiting day with the proper pass before you can see him."

"Indeed! Well, I'll just come up there on the next train and take him right away with me."

"No use to come, madam. He's got 3½ years to serve yet."

"To whom am I talking?"

"This is the office of the warden of Sing Sing prison."

"Oh! Ring off, please!"—Pittsburg News.

The Giraffe's Timidity.

A giraffe is very timid on hearing slight sounds, but is indifferent to loud ones. A writer in The Leisure Hour says:

Noisy sounds, like a man walking by with hobnail boots, it does not notice, but a lady coming in with hardly more sound than the rustling of her dress makes it start, with pricked ears and eyes distended.

We remember well, after a terrible explosion of gunpowder on a barge on the canal, asking the keeper of the giraffes of that day how they had taken it, and he said he was surprised how very little notice they took. They jumped to their feet, but almost at once lay down again when they found nothing happened.

"But," he added, "if I were at nighttime to creep along that gallery in my socks they would be so scared that I believe they would dash themselves to bits."

They fear the lurking foe, and a bing bang scares them less than a faint, rustling sound. They are in that respect very deerlike.

Let It Go at That.

One day, in advocating a more liberal loosening of the purse strings at a Methodist conference in Washington, Bishop W. A. Candler said that several years ago he sent an article to a paper in which he wrote that "we pray too loud and work too little."

The intelligent compositor got in his fine Italian hand, and when the article appeared it read, "We bray too loud and work too little."

"I let it go at that," said the bishop. "The fact is, I believe the printer was right, and I never attempted to correct it."

A Living Example.

"We are what we feed on," quoted Mr. Hixson, laying down his book, "and I am willing to say the author is right. For example"—

"I am already a believer," Mrs. Hixson interrupted. "You will insist on having lobster for supper always."

And Mr. Hixson, mortified, grew very red.—Brooklyn Life.

Contradictions.

"Well, Digby, I'm surprised! You're getting gray!"

"Yes, yes; I've got lots of gray hairs and precious few of them."—Detroit Free Press.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and the suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumpton, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousand of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, and get a 10c. trial bottle. Regular size 50c. and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BABY FOODS

It is clear that doctors and mothers think more of special foods than they used to.

The reasons are: (1) both mothers and babies live less naturally than they used to; (2) mother's milk is not so plenty, and not so good, as it used to be; (3) Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil is mother food as well as baby food—enables the mother to feed her baby naturally.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, December 3, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, moderate demand; prices easier; American middling 5 19 32d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales were for speculationand export and included 8,000 bales American. Receipts 5,000 bales, no American.

Futures opened quiet and closed barely steady. American middling (l. m. c.) December 5 26-64d seller; December and January 5 25-64@5 26 64d buyer; January and February 5 23-64@5 24-64d buyer; February and March 5 20 64@5 21-64d buyer; March and April 5 18 64@5 19-64d seller; April and May 5 16-64d sale; May and June 5 13-64@5 14-64 saler; June and July 5 10-64@5 11-64d seller; July and August 5 7-64@5 9-64d buyer; August and September 4 58 64@4 59-64d seller.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—661 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 26 barrels rosin, 2 barrels tar, 11 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—1,272 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 102 barrels rosin, 51 barrels tar, 29 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—197 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 6 barrels rosin, 48 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—14 bales cotton, 24 barrels rosin, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—371 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine 70 barrels rosin, 25 barrels tar, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Oneida—331 bales cotton.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—7 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 42 barrels rosin, 29 barrels tar, 10 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A J Johnson—7 bales cotton, 57 casks turpentine, 154 barrels tar.

Millner's Flat—11 casks spirits turpentine, 60 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 2,939 bales; spirits turpentine, 115 casks; rosin, 330 barrels; tar, 309 barrels; crude turpentine, 62 barrels.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT. †

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	8	@	8¼
Standard		@	8½
Burlaps	6	@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔	8	@	8½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 45
Second-hand machine		@	1 55
New New York, each		@	1 45
New City, each		@	1 45
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 75	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	20	@	25
Northern	26	@	18
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	53½	@	55
Virginia Meal	53½	@	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 40
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	13	@	14
Dairy Cream	17	@	18
State	11½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	11	@	12¼
Rio	9½	@	10½
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	23 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 50	@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight		@	4 00
First Patent	4 40	@	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—	9	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	58	@	60
Mixed Corn	55	@	56
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	55
Oats, from store	35	@	36
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	42
Cow Peas		@	65
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	16
Dry flint	7	@	8
Dry salt	6	@	7¾
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
No 1 Timothy	95	@	1 00
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	1 00
Western	90	@	1 00
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2¾	@	3
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	6¾	@	8¾
North Carolina	9	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogsheads		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	@	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	35
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 50d basis		@	2 40
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	14 50
Rump		@	14 50
Prime		@	14 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool	90	@	95
American	90	@	95
On 195 ℔ Sacks		@	60
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝	@	5⅝
Standard A		@	5¾
White Extra C		@	5¾
Extra C, Golden		@	5¾
C Yellow		@	5¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¾	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 00
Prime mill	6 00	@	7 00
Extra mill	8 00	@	9 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	4 25	@	5 00
" Sap	3 00	@	3 50
5x20 Heart	2 25	@	2 50
" Sap	1 50	@	1 75
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00	@	1 10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, December 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.20 per bbl for strained and $1.25 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.55 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at $1.40 per barrel for hard, $2.40 for dip, and ——for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 48@47½c; rosin firm at $1.05@1.10; tar firm at $1.40; crude turpentine quiet at $1.50@$2.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	115
Rosin	330
Tar	309
Crude turpentine	62

Receipts same day last year.—51 casks spirits turpentine, 619 bbls rosin, 251 bbls tar, 22 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 9⅝c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	7 3-16	cts.	℔ lb
Good ordinary	8 9-16	"	"
Low middling	9 3-16	"	"
Middling	9⅝	"	"
Good middling	9 15-16	"	"

Same day last year middling steady at 7¼c.

Receipts—2,939 bales; same day last year, 2,488.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c. Virginia—Prime, 69c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c.

CORN—Firm, 58 to 60 cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 55 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13 to 15c per pound; shoulders, 10 to 11c; sides, 8 to 9c.

EGGS—Firm at 19@20 cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Very dull. Grown, 22½@25 cents; springs, 12½@20 cents.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25 cents.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½ cents per pound.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 8c; dressed, 10@12c.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull at 35c.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Money on call firmer at 3½@6 per cent., last loan being at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485¾ for demand and 481¾@481¾ for 60 days. Posted rates 483¼ and 486¾. Commercial bills 480¾@481¼. Silver certificates 64@65. Bar silver 64¾. Mexican dollars 50. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds strong. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 104½; U.S. refunding 2's, coupon, 105½; U.S. 2's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 110; do. coupon, 110; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 138; do. coupon, 138; U. S. 4's, old reg'd 115; do. coupon, 116; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 113¼; do. coupon, 113¼; Southern Railway 5's 112¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 79¼; Chesapeake & Ohio 37½; Manhattan L 108¾; N. Y. Central 142¾; Reading 19¾; do. 1st pref'd 63¾; St. Paul, 137¼; do. pref'd, 175½; Southern Railway 18¾; pref'd 67½; American Tobacco, 107¾; do. pref'd 130; People's Gas 100½; Sugar 130½; do. pref'd 117½; T. C. & Iron 79; U. S. Leather 12¾; do. preferred 75; Western Union 82½.

Standard Oil certificates made a sensational advance to-day passing the 800 mark and selling at 810, an advance of 30 points for the day.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Rosin quiet. Strained common to good $1 65@1 70. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 3.—Spirits turpentine firm at 38½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 1.—Spirits turpentine firm at 39c; sales 523 casks; receipts 1,061 casks; exports 235 casks. Rosin firm; sales 1,002 barrels; receipts 3,698 barrels; exports 1,646 barrels. A, B, C, D, $1 30; E, $1 35; F, $1 40; G, $1 45; H, $1 55; I, $1 65; K, $1 70, M, $1 75; N, $2 15; W G, $2 25; W W, $2 90.

COTTON MARKETS.

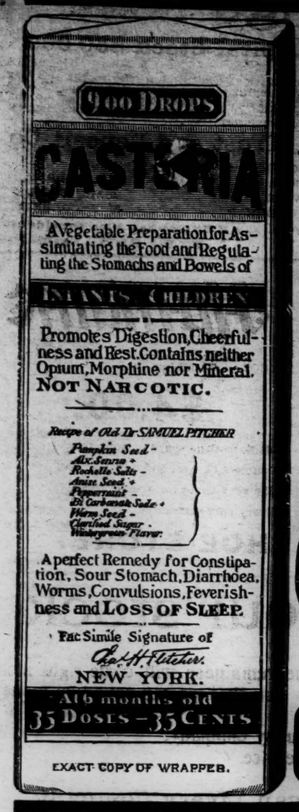
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 3.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of three to seven points, being chiefly influenced by an unexpected drop of three points in Liverpool. It soon became evident that port and interior receipts would overtop those of a week ago and a year ago, while it was reported that Southern spot markets were barely holding their own. By midday the loss had been increased to a matter of five to fourteen points, the distant months being particularly weak, underselling as a hedge against holdings in near months by Southern and foreign parties. The commission house contingent was almost destitute of business and influential interests in the South and West failed to send their usual supply of orders. Soon after mid-day the market worked up a few points on a brief skurry of smaller room shorts for cover, started by smaller estimates than anticipated for to-morrow's receipts at New Orleans and Houston. Still later the market became heavy and listless and remained in that condition until just before the close, when prominent bulls appeared in the pit and bought up everything offered. A sheer ten point advance resulted. As was the case during last week, the investment public was unable to harmonize the big crop movement with the small estimates and also regarded the bull trade in cotton goods as a contradiction of the generous mill consumption estimates. At the close the market was very steady with prices net five to eight points higher on near months and three points higher to four points lower on far months.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 10 3 16c.

Cotton futures market closed firm: December 9.92, January 9.83, February 9.77, March 9.73, April 9.70, May 9.66, June 9.64, July 9.61, August 9.32, September 8.66.

Spot cotton closed dull and 1 16c l



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ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Dec. 8
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From Wilmington for New York.

SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Dec. 8
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Dec. 15

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

SAGINAW ..... Tuesday, Dec. 4
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dec 2 tf

"Surprising Reductions In Prices on Everything"

is what the people say when they come in and look over our Extensive Departments, when compared to what they have been paying elsewhere for same goods. And people

are finding out that we do what we say.

See, Ladies' Hat Window, what prices!
See our Dress Goods!
See our long lists of Notions, Men's Wear Books and Stationery.
Sewing Machines, high grade, at $17.50, worth $35.00.
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It is extremely interesting to look through our large stock of Toys, Bric-a-Brac, Crockery, Glassware, &c., and note our prices on all.

Our Douglass and Duttenhofer Shoes are still the "Town Talk" and are rushing.
We extend Thanksgiving Greetings to everybody, with a cordial invitation to visit our stores.
Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS COMPANY,

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nov 25 tf

40 New Show Cases, 3 and 6 feet.

25 New Iron Safes, various sizes and makes.

Also, full line of Fancy and Heavy Groceries, at rock bottom prices.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.

16 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 17 tf

Crane Carried His Satchel.

Arthur A. Leeds of Tioga met Stephen Crane once under circumstances which showed how little the novelist traded upon the fame that came to him. Mr. Leeds got off a train at Delaware Water Gap. The only man on the platform was humped up against the side of the depot gazing into space. He looked like a farmer's boy. His trousers were baggy, his coat battered and his hat rowdy.

"Say, carry this stuff to the hotel for me, will you?" asked Mr. Leeds. The man grasped the bags and started in the wake of Mr. Leeds toward the hotel.

When the hotel was reached, Mr. Leeds lost sight of his porter for a few minutes while he greeted friends. Looking around for his baggage, he saw the man who had packed it to the hotel sitting on the piazza with his legs on the railing. He was reading a book.

"Who's that man?" asked Mr. Leeds.

"Oh, that's Stephen Crane," some one said. The next day Crane left the place before Mr. Leeds had an opportunity for explanations.—Philadelphia North American.

The Last Chinese Actress.

Many vistors to the Celestial kingdom have noted the absence of women from the stage. All the roles in a Chinese play are taken by men. This singular custom is traced back to a woman's whim. The Emperor Yung Tsching married an actress at the beginning of the eighteenth century, when women were allowed on the stage. The emperor died and the empress dowager ruled the country for her son, the Prince Kim Sung.

To satisfy her vanity this shrewd and most peculiar woman issued a decree in the year 1736 forbidding, under penalty of instant death by the sword of the executioner, any member of her sex to appear on the Chinese stage. "After me, no one," said the empress dowager, and since her day no woman within the reach of Chinese law has dared to test the strength of her decree. In Hongkong (a British colony) women have played in Chinese theaters, but never as yet, we believe, in San Francisco.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

sep 15 tf sa tu th

Trouble and Time Saved

by sending your Fruit Cakes

TO WARREN'S TO BE BAKED.

WARREN'S

Steam Bakery and Cafe.

dec 2 tf

MADDENED ELEPHANTS.

The Great Brutes Often Driven Wild by Fearful Tusk Aches.

"Zanzibar," said Robert Crawford, "is the greatest market for South African ivory, which is brought there in large quantities from the interior. This ivory is placed in large warehouses from which it is either sold at once or else held therein for a better market. The man in charge of these warehouses was a very interesting character, an expert in ivory. He told me many curious things about it and among others propounded the following theory as an explanation of why elephants go mad and occasionally run amuck.

"In the warehouse were a pair of magnificent tusks, measuring fully 14 feet from tip to tip, which in life must have been carried by a veritable Goliah among elephants. The expert in showing me these tusks pointed out the fact that while one was complete and flawless the other was broken off at the point and showed deep scratches and abrasions throughout its length.

"'Now,' said he, 'if you will look near the base you will find a hole made by decay that had struck into the nerves and given that elephant a toothache. And think what a toothache of toothaches a 14 foot tooth must have held. In his effort to relieve this pain the elephant rubbed his tusk against rocks and trees and drove it into the earth, which mutilated it in the manner you see here. I have frequently come across places where an elephant has ripped up great spaces in the forest and torn down the trees, and I am positive that toothache was the cause of this frenzy.

"'An elephant in a circus going suddenly mad and killing his keeper is not an uncommon thing, but I'll wager that in nine cases out of ten if they would properly investigate the matter they would find that the brute's sudden frenzy sprung from so ordinary a cause as common, everyday toothache.'"—Exchange.

A TRIUMPH OF SURGERY.

The Case of a Man Who Swallowed His Suspenders.

A case recorded in the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal by Dr. M. H. Richardson is a remarkable example of the extraordinary feats in swallowing foreign bodies sometimes performed by men.

A man, aged 20 years, was admitted to the hospital. He said that two weeks previously, while he was in a despondent state, he had endeavored to swallow his suspenders and had succeeded in getting down certain portions, but how much he had swallowed he could not tell. He did not complain of pain, but rather of discomfort under the breast while eating. The food at times passed easily into the stomach. At other times it was regurgitated immediately. Nothing could be seen in the throat. With a probe some obstruction was felt.

A skiagram showed a suspender buckle at the middle of the chest and possibly another higher up. As the chief danger in esophageal impaction is from ulceration into the great vessels, especially when the foreign body has sharp edges, and as fatal erosion usually takes place in two weeks or less, it was concluded that if there was any erosion it was sufficiently advanced to make even the most careful manipulation dangerous. The problem was how to perform extraction without producing fatal hemorrhage.

The throat was opened, and with a pair of forceps, a string attached to a brass ring and then half a suspender with two buckles and finally a third buckle were removed. A probang was passed into the stomach without meeting with further obstruction.

The wound was closed with silk sutures, and recovery ensued.

Not an Indian.

Mrs. H. S. Boal, a daughter of William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill), lives at a place in Wyoming which bears the strange name of B. X. Ranch, Slack. Among the curious questions put to her by visitors are these:

"I suppose you have a large collection of Indian scalps?"

"Have you ever been scalped yourself?"

"Do you keep buffaloes as domestic pets?"

Once, on the ranch, while she was entertaining a foreign stranger, her father rode by, and she said:

"There goes Colonel Cody now."

The man looked at the horseman long and anxiously.

"Are you sure about it?"

"Certainly. I know him very well indeed."

"Well, I declare! I was never so surprised in my life. Why, that man is a gentleman and not an Indian at all."

Don't Borrow.

Only the other day a Boston firm of sharks charged a man $5 for making out the mortgage on a loan of $10 and then charged him interest. A Lowell shark recently loaned a man $20 and charged him $3 for making out the mortgage, and every month he causes the man to sign a new mortgage and charges him $3 each time, besides the regular rate of interest, thus bringing the interest up to $100 per cent per annum. The several mortgages are not recorded since the first one, and every $3 the borrower pays goes into the lender's pocket.—Boston Traveler.

Matter of Doubt.

Dix—I want to congratulate you.

Mix—On what?

Dix—I understand you are the father of a fine boy.

Mix—Oh, that was about three months ago.

Dix—But it is a matter of congratulation just the same, isn't it?

Mix—I don't know about that. I only got about 15 minutes' sleep last night.—Detroit Free Press.

Idle, but Witty.

He was an idle Irish boy, but he had the Celtic wit. He had shipped on board of a man-of-war, where he annoyed the boatswain by his laziness.

Seeing him on the maintop one morning gazing idly out to sea, the boatswain called out to him:

"Come down out of that, ye rashcal! Come down out of that, and Oi'll give ye a dozen whacks wid me rope!"

"Faith, sorr," replied the boy, "Oi wouldn't come if ye offered me two dozen."—Harper's Young People.

Deep Water Conference.

"You are not a real fish; you are only an imitation," said the flying fish. "You can stay under water only an hour or two, and then you have to come to the surface to breathe."

"That's all right," retorted the whale. "You are only an imitation bird. I can live under the water longer than you can live out of it."

This, dear children, teaches us that those who dwell in water should not try to put on airs.—Chicago Tribune.

Absentminded.

"Absentmindedness is a bad thing in business," said the fat man.

"Ain't it, though?" responded the lean man.

"Just look at me, for instance. I went and lost one of my best customers last week by addressing a letter to him as 'Jjohn Hheury Lloyd.'"—Indianapolis Press.

RAINLESS.

When August burned upon the year's decline,
I stepped within the whispers of a wood,
Whose whitest day, pricked back by darkest pine,
Made shimmering tumult where the thick stems stood.

Some scent of withering sap—a seething wine—
Made incense of the balsam breathed drought,
Sweet as the sigh of summer in the south,
Athirst for autumn and the purple vine.

My feet pressed down the mosses' fibrous gray;
A dry twig cracked upon a drier stone;
All parched views of lavender and brown
Died in the channels of the rocky way,
And in the famished covert I alone
Knew in what floods the thirst of life may drown.

—Cecelia Beaux in New Lippincott.

BLIND AS A BAT.

But That Fact Wasn't Mentioned When the Horse Was Sold.

David Harum was a good horse trader, but a recent transaction in horseflesh which was made by a well known Memphian shows that there are others who know how to get the long end of a horse trade. Several weeks ago this Memphis man saw a fine buggy horse, which he thought he wanted. He located the owner and asked the price. "One fifty," was the reply. After looking the animal over closely and trying her speed he concluded it was a good trade and without more ado wrote a check for the amount. The next day he found that the mare was as blind as a bat, but this did not hinder her speed or detract from her general appearance. He drove the animal for several weeks and succeeded in attracting the admiration of another lover of horseflesh, who made a proposal to purchase.

"Well," said the Memphian, "I gave $150 for her, but I will let you have her for $165."

The prospective owner looked the animal over and concluded he had a bargain. He paid over the money and took the mare. When the animal was unhitched, the first thing she did was to run against a post and then by way of emphasizing the fact that she was blind fell over a barrel. The next day the buyer came back to the Memphian with blood in his eye.

"Colonel, you know that mare you sold me," he began. "Well, she's stone blind."

"I know it," replied the colonel, with an easy air.

"You didn't say anything to me about it," said the purchaser, his face reddening with anger.

"Well, I'll tell you," replied the colonel. "That fellow who sold her to me didn't tell me about it, and I just concluded that he didn't want it known."

The newcomer took his medicine and is now on the lookout for a friend on whom he can even things.—Memphis Scimitar.

A Business Epitaph.

"I was hunting for odd epitaphs," said a Tennessee newspaper man, "and in a cemetery in my own state I came across one that was inscribed upon a neat granite monument and read in this way: 'Sacred to the memory of John Smith, for 20 years senior partner of the firm of Smith & Jones, now J. J. Jones & Co.'

"Of course the names weren't really Smith and Jones, but I don't want to hurt anybody's feelings, and they will answer for the purposes of the story. I met Jones later, and he gave me a frank explanation of the inscription.

"'Smith was a bachelor without relatives,' he said, 'but he knew a tremendous lot of country people, and if any of them happened to see his grave they might think that the old house had closed up and gone out of business. So I thought it no more than right to let them know that the firm was still alive.'

"I complimented him upon his good judgment."

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

HINDIPO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. *Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory.* Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price 50 CTS. 6 Boxes $2.50 by mail, in plain package, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN O'HARRA, Paris

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

Ready for Monday's Delivery.

Five X Baldwin Apples; nice, fresh stock.

Also, Canned and Evaporated Apples, Peaches and Pears, Mixed Nuts and Cocoanuts, Candies, Cakes, Cheese, &c., &c.

Fox River Butter.

HALL & PEARSALL,

nov 18 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

Within Easy Reach.

It isn't necessary to pay a high price for your Linen in order to get really good Goods. It doesn't pay to buy names. What you are looking for is Style and Serviceability. We can give you the very latest Styles, the very best Materials and the highest degree of durability, at prices that will save money for you—lots of it.

VonGlahn & Gibson,

dec 2 tf No. 5 North Front street.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, NEW HANOVER COUNTY, In Superior Court.

The City of Wilmington vs. William Furnell and wife, Fannie Furnell. | Notice of Service of Summons by Publication.

The defendants above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of New Hanover county; that said action is for the enforcement and foreclosure of a lien for taxes upon the property described in the complaint filed in said action; that a summons has been duly issued in said action requiring the defendants to appear and answer at the next term of the Superior Court for the county of New Hanover, to be held at the Court House in said county, on the 31st day of January, 1901, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff therein filed, or the relief demanded in said complaint will be granted.

This 30th day of October, 1900.

JNO. D. TAYLOR, Clerk Superior Court.

oct 30 6t tu

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.

We cut hair, too, As well as shampoo.

GUION & DAVIS, 7 South Front street.

P. S.—Brush the gentleman esp a pie, an 23 tf

The Big Racket Store

IS MAKING A GRAND FIGHT FOR THE TRADE

of the country and city. We are offering our extra values, some of them, as low as half price, and will guarantee to meet competition on any article you may call for.

CORSETS—We have just bought a line of Warner's Sample Corsets that we will sell at one-half price of wholesale cost, and the styles represent all the new things in Corsets—Straight Fronts, Girdle Corsets, Short Corsets, etc. The wholesale cost was from $8.50 to $22.50 per dozen. My price is from 45c to 75c. Just think, a new up-to-date Corset in black or white, worth $2.00, for 75c. Also, Warner's Nursing Corset as low as 59c, and Misses' Corsets worth 50c for 29c, any size from 18c to 26c. We carry a full line of Warner's, R. & G. Corsets, F. P's. and other good brands at all prices.

JUST BOUGHT to-day 15 dozen very fine Ladies' Untrimmed Hats. We do not hesitate to say, the finest line of Ladies' Hats ever been in North Carolina. These Hats are worth from $18.00 to $42.00 per dozen, made of Cheneille Silk, Velvet and Corded Braid. My prices on these Hats are from $1.00 to $2.50 each. Any Lady wanting a very fine Hat at a very low price will do well to see this lot.

JUST RECEIVED a big line new Capes, Cloaks and Furs. A fine Clip-Coney Fur Collarette with 2 heads and 4 tails, for $1.98. A Ladies' nice Fur Cape at $2.00. A Ladies' Fur Cape with heads and tails attached at $3.50. Red and Gray Fox Collarettes with head and tails, for $4.00. Fine Fur Muff and Collarette to match, in Red and Gray Fox, for $12.50 a set.

TOYS—On Monday morning we will begin displaying the grandest line of Toys ever shown in Wilmington. Remember we have always shown more Toys each year than any other store, and we've laid in a better supply this year than ever. We would ask all our wholesale customers to call on us, as we can suit you in quantity, quality and price.

LADIES' CAPES—Just received a large shipment of new Capes for School Girls. We have 25 fine Beaver Cloth Capes in red, blue, brown, tan and black, made up-to-date with straps and buttons and large, strong collars, a very pretty Cape for Misses and Young Ladies, at $1.98. We have all grades—a good, heavy Fur Trimmed Cape as low as 75c.

IN OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT we have many good things to show. Just received a new shipment of "Lady Smith" Hats first sold at $1.00, now 69c. We have plenty of things to sell cheap in the way of Underwear, also.

THE BUSY SEASON is now on, and we are offering special values in every department. Our Big New Store is packed full of goods, and you can get your memorandum filled here, whatever you may want, and get the very best value for your money.

REMEMBER OUR PRESENTS. We are giving away free with your purchases Chairs, Tables, Lounges, Desks, Crockery, Fancy China, Glassware, etc. Come and bring your card or get a new one and have your purchases punched and get a present.

THE BIG RACKET STORE,
208-210 North Front Street.

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

PROPRIETOR.

dec 2 tf

All we ask is that you just try one of these

Buck Stoves and Ranges. If they do not please you better than any you have ever used, we will take same back without expense to you. We also have a full line of Buck Heating Stoves; and last but not least, the wonderful Comfort Heater. "Great Goods These."

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 17 tf

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

When You Send a Prescription

to my drug store, it has my personal attention; there is no one else to put it up but me.

JAMES D. NUTT, The Druggist.

sep 16 tf

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep

Now For The Fall Trade.

We are now prepared to fill all orders for goods in our line, wholesale and retail, at prices that will surprise you. Quality, too, is a feature in which we excel.

Agicultural Implements, Fine Cutlery, Tinware, Saddles, Horse Collars, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition of every kind, Stoves, Ranges—

Well, it would require too much space to enumerate the thousand and one articles that make up one of the most complete stocks ever offered in the South

Polite attention, prompt filling of orders and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

Orton Building,

sep 2 tf Wilmington, N. C.

STATEMENT OF

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the Close of Business Sept. 5th, 1900. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans	$ 240,613.23
Overdrafts	36.83
U. S. Bonds (at par)	216,100.00
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000.00
Due from app'd res've agt's	82,483.49
Due from other banks	152,145.02
Cash on hand	98,592.78—333,221.29
Total	$1,359,971.35

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$ 195,500.00
Surplus and undivided profits	168,307.65
Circulation	95,100.00
Deposits U. S Treas	$190,873.00
Deposits from Banks	179,645.47
Deposits from individuals	731,043.33—1,031,563.70
Total	$1,359,971.35

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Sept. 5 '98.	Sept. 5, '99.	Sept. 5, 1900
Total deposits	$531,800	$867,100	$1,031,500
Surplus and net profits	32,200	95,900	168,300
U.S. bonds at par	45,100	95,000	216,100

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.

☞ Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October 1892 sep 13 tf

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SALOON SHORT LINE

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect June 3rd, 1900.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M., Athens, Ga., 3:43 A. M., Atlanta 6:05 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No. 37 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 6:30 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6 30 A. M. Train No. 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 8:05 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:30 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Hamlet at 8:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 402 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:37 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:10 P. M.; train No. 37 from Richmond and points North at 10,27 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 9 40 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9 00 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6 45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 5.06 P. M.; arrives Dillon 5.38 P. M., Latta 5.42 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.15 A. M., Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 5.25 P. M., Manning 6.04 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.49 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 5.40 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; 4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; 5.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.28 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.22 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.48 P. M., 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 3.03 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12.03 A. M. Rowland 6.06 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.35 A. M., Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 1022 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.59 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.32 P. M., 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.06 A. M., Creston 4.54 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.55 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.29 P. M., Creston 5.32 P. M., Sumter 6.34 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrive Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leave Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrive Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 1.50 P. M., arrive Elliott 3.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

nov 27 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Deed of Mortgage bearing date of July 21st, 1900, executed by Henry Green and wife, Mary, to the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover county in Book 28, page 409 et seq., the undersigned will expose for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Monday, the 17th day of December, A. D. 1900, at 12 o'clock M. the following described property situate in the city of Wilmington, N. C., and bounded and described as follows:

First Lot—Beginning in the northern line of Wooster street one hundred (100) feet westwardly from the eastern line of Ninth street, and running thence eastwardly along said northern line of Wooster street fifty (50) feet, thence northwardly parallel with Ninth street one hundred and ten (110) feet, thence westwardly parallel with Wooster street fifty (50) feet, thence southwardly parallel with Ninth street one hundred and ten (110) feet to the northern line of Wooster street, the point of beginning. The same being part central portions of Lots 5 and 6, Block 67, according to the official plan of said city of Wilmington.

Second Lot—Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Seventh street 66 feet south of the southern line of Ann street, runs thence south with the eastern line of Seventh street 33 feet, thence east parallel with Ann street 135 feet to Wilson street, thence north with the western line of Wilson street 33 feet, thence west parallel with Ann street 135 feet to the beginning; being northwestern part of Lot No. 2, Block 119, according to the plans of said city of Wilmington.

Dated this 19th November, 1900.

WILMINGTON HOMESTEAD AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

by BELLAMY & PESCHAU, Attorneys.

nov 13 20t

GROCERIES.

CLOSE PRICES, BEST QUALITY, PROMPT SHIPMENTS.

Send us your orders.

D. McEACHERN, Wholesale Grocer.

204 and 206 North Water street.

feb 11 tf

To Repair Broken Articles use

Major's Cement

Remember MAJOR'S RUBBER CEMENT. MAJOR'S LEATHER CEMENT.

mar 9 1y D&W

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Nov. 25, 1900.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.49 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M., Weldon 4.35 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 9.22 P. M., Norfolk 8.15 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 2.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.0 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 3.5 P. M., Warsaw 3.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.18, P. M., Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.37 A. M., Richmond 5.33 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 4.13 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 5.40 P. M., Newbern 9.25 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9 13 P. M., Columbia 10.33 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.30 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 11.10 A. M., Tampa 6.45 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY A. M. 9.00 No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 night, New York 3.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.30 P. M., Petersburg 7.25 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.06 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.15 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.00 A. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

Sunday 12.15 P. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.50 A. M., Sanford 2.20 P. M., Jacksonville 6.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.48 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.19 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.19 P. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.25 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.35 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.39 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 9.15 A. M., Red Springs 9.51 A. M., Hope Mills 10.25 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.19 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 9.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.17 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 9.02 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.35 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 4

MASSACRES IN CHINA.

Catholic Missionaries and Native Christians Butchered by the Governor of Shan Si Province.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, December 3.—A special dispatch from China to the *Volks Zeitung* reports a fearful mission slaughter in the province of Shan Si. The first victims, the dispatch says, were a Catholic bishop and his coadjutors and four European priests, Francis cans, Italian and French.

The Governor invited them to his house for better protection, but when they arrived their hands were tied. Then the Governor himself poinarded them all. Next the Governor went to the bishop's residence with a number of soldiers and seized six Marseilles sisters. He promised them money and distinguished husbands if they would renounce Christianity, which offer they unanimously rejected. Thereupon the Governor poinarded them, and also a number of Chinese priests, thirty Chinese sisters and two hundred orphans, from three to sixteen years of age.

Fifteen seminarists, who had hidden themselves in a cistern, were, the dispatch says, tied to stakes and forced to drink the blood of the first victims. They were then killed.

A Chinese priest and two Christians who attempted to escape, were caught and put in a small hut, where they were burned.

German Expedition.

BERLIN, December 3.—A dispatch from Field Marshal Count von Waldersee, commander-in-chief of the international forces in China, sent from Pekin under date of Saturday, December 1, says that after hoisting the German flag at the Ming tombs and punishing several neighboring villages for the murder of Christians, the late Colonel Yorck's detachment, commanded by General Gayl, returned to Pekin in four columns by way of Yang Fang, Chen Pien Tcheng, Thang, Shan, Tneu Lan Shan, each about a day's march northward of Pekin.

The Kalgan expedition, the dispatch also says, was very successful. Several thousand Chinese regulars, under the command of two generals, were driven in wild flight from the province of Chi Li to Shan Si.

The remains of the late Colonel Yorck have arrived at Pekin.

TIEN TSIN, December 2.—Four companies of German troops are reported to be seriously menaced thirty-five miles west of Pao Ting Fu. Eight companies of French troops with three days rations have left to go to their relief.

RE-APPORTIONMENT BILL.

The First of the Session Introduced in the House of Representatives.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 3.—The first bill of the session introduced in the House of Representatives was by Representative Crumpacker, Republican, of Indiana, making an apportionment of Representatives in Congress under the eleventh census. It provides an increase of membership from 357 to 365. The following States gain representation: Arkansas, one; Colorado, one; Connecticut, one; Florida, one; Illinois, two; Massachusetts, one; Minnesota, two; Missouri, one; New Jersey, two; New York, three; North Dakota, one; Pennsylvania, two; Texas, two; Washington, one; West Virginia, one.

The following States lose: Kansas, one; Louisiana, two; Mississippi, three; Nebraska, one; North Carolina, four; South Carolina, three; Virginia, one.

NEW COUNTY OF SCOTLAND.

Officers Took Charge Yesterday at Laurinburg, the County Seat.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

LAURINBURG, N. C., Dec. 3.—The act to create the county of Scotland was ratified by the last General Assembly. The bill contained a provision to the effect that the officers of the new county were not to assume their duties until the first Monday in December, in order that the officers of the old county of Richmond could serve out their unexpired terms.

According to the provisions of the act, therefore, Scotland's first set of officers assumed their respective duties to day. They are, clerk of court, H. H. Covington; register of deeds, G. H. Russell; sheriff W. D. McLaurin; coroner, Greene A. Roper; county commissioners, Rod MacRae, F. B. Gibson and John McKay.

WARM WIRELETS.

Captain Colby M. Chester and five officers of the United States battleship Kentucky now at Smryna, arrived in Constantinople yesterday.

Earnest Sims, of Valdosta, Ga., was shot and instantly killed at Thomasville, Ga., late last night. The affair is a mystery. Sims bore an excellent reputation.

Four men and one boy were instantly killed and thirteen people injured by the explosion of a boiler in the power house of the Chicago and Northwestern road at Chicago. Several of the injured are hurt so badly that they may die.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

The Vienna correspondent of the London *Chronicle* wires that Mr. Kruger will not visit either Vienna or Rome.

Red Hot From The Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Mich, in the Civil War. It caused horrible Ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. 25 cts. a box. Cures guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY Druggist. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

MESSAGE WAS READ IN BOTH HOUSES.

A Long-Winded Document Containing Little of Much Importance.

RELATIONS WITH THE POWERS

Chinese Problem the Dominant Question. Financial Affairs--The Trusts--Nicaragua Canal--Passage of a Ship Subsidy Bill Urged.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 3.—President McKinley's message was transmitted to both houses of Congress today at noon.

The President says, in part:

At the outgoing of the old and the incoming of the new century you begin the last session of the Fifty sixth Congress with evidences on every hand of individual and national prosperity, and with proof of the growing strength and increasing power for good of Republican institutions. Your countrymen will join with you in felicitation that American liberty is more firmly established than ever before, and that love for it and the determination to preserve it are more universal than at any former period of our history.

When the Sixth Congress assembled in November, 1800, the population of the United States was 5,308,483. It is now 76,304,799. Then we had sixteen States. Now we have forty-five. Then our territory consisted of 909,050 square miles. It is now 3,846,595 square miles.

In our foreign intercourse the dominant question has been the treatment of the Chinese problem. Apart from this our relations with the Powers have been happy.

Reviewing the outbreak in China and the murder of missionaries, the President in conclusion says:

I regard as one of the essential factors of a durable adjustment the se curement of adequate guarantees for liberty of faith, since insecurity of those natives who may embrace alien creeds is a scarcely less effectual assault upon the rights of foreign worship and teaching than would be the direct invasion thereof.

The matter of indemnity for our wronged citizens is a question of grave concern. Measured in money alone, a sufficient reparation may prove to be beyond the ability of China to meet. All the Powers concur in emphatic disclaimers of any purpose of aggrandizement through the dismemberment of the Empire. I am disposed to think that due compensation may be made in part by increased guarantees of security for foreign rights and immunities, and, most important of all, by the opening of China to the equal commerce of all the world. These views have been and will be earnestly advocated by our representatives.

The Government of Russia has put forward a suggestion, that in the event of a protracted divergence of views in regard to indemnities the matter may be relegated to the Court of Arbitration at The Hague. I favorably incline to this.

Good will prevails in our relations with the German Empire. An amicable adjustment of the long-pending question of the admission of our life insurance companies to do business in Prussia has been reached.

The settlement of the Samoan problem, to which I adverted in my last message, has accomplished good results. Peace and contentment prevail in the islands, especially in Tutuila, where a convenient administration that has won the confidence and esteem of the kindly disposed natives has been organized under the direction of the commander of the United States naval station at Pago Pago.

An Imperial meat-inspection law has been enacted for Germany. While it may simplify the inspections, it prohibits certain products heretofore admitted. There is still great uncertainty as to whether our well-nigh extinguished German trade in meat products can revive under its new burdens. Much will depend upon regulations not yet promulgated, which we confidently hope will be free from the discriminations which attended the enforcement of the old statutes.

The remaining link in the new lines of direct telegraphic communication between the United States and the German Empire has recently been completed.

Our friendly relations with Great Britain continue. The war in Southern Africa introduced important questions. A condition unusual in international wars was presented in that while one belligerent had control of the seas, the other had no ports, shipping, or direct trade, but was only accessible through the territory of a neutral. Vexatious questions arose through Great Britain's action in respect to neutral cargoes, not contraband in their own nature, shipped to Portuguese South Africa, on the score of probable or suspected ultimate destination to the Boer States.

In my inaugural address I referred to the general subject of lynching in these words: Lynching must not be tolerated in a great and civilized country like the United States; courts, not mobs, must execute the penalties of the law. The preservation of public order, the right of discussion, the integrity of courts and the orderly administration of justice must continue forever the rock of safety upon which our government securely rests. This I most urgently reiterate and again invite the attention of my countrymen to this reproach upon our civilization.

No noteworthy incident has occurred in our relations with our important southern neighbor. Commercial intercourse with Mexico continues to thrive, and the two governments neglect no opportunity to foster their mutual interests in all practicable ways.

The all-important matter of an interoceanic canal has assumed a new phase. Adhering to its refual to reopen the question of the forfeiture of the contract of the Maritime Canal Company, which was terminated for alleged nonexecution in October, 1899, the Government of Nicaragua has since supplemented that action by declaring the so-styled Eyre-Craigin option void for nonpayment of the stipulated advance. Protests in relation to these acts have been filed in the State Department and are under consideration. Deeming itself relieved from existing exgagements, the Nicaraguan Government shows a disposition to deal freely with the canal question either in the way of negotiations with the United States or by taking measures to promote the waterway.

Overtures for a convention to effect the building of a canal under the suspices of the United States are under consideration. In the meantime, the views of the Congress upon the general subject, in the light of the Commission appointed to examine the comparative merits of the various trans-Isthmian ship-canal projects, may be awaited.

I commend to the early attention of the Senate the Convention with Great Britain to facilitate the construction of such a canal and to remove any objection which might arise out of the Convention commonly called the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty.

Our claims upon the Government of the Sultan for reparation for injuries suffered by American citizens in Armenia and elsewhere give promise of early and satisfactory settlement. His majesty's good disposition in this regard has been evidenced by the issuance of an irade for rebuilding the American college at Harpoot.

It will be the disposition of the Congress to provide whatever further legislation is needed to insure the continued parity under all conditions between our two forms of metallic money, silver and gold.

A large increase in national bank note circulation has resulted from the provision of the act which permits national banks to issue circulating notes to the par value of the United States bonds deposited as security instead of only 90 per cent. thereof, as heretofore. The increase in circulating notes from March 14 to November 30 is $77,889,570.

The party in power is committed to such legislation as will better make the currency responsive to the varying needs of business at all seasons and in all sections.

Our foreign trade shows a remarkable record of commercial and industrial progress. The total of imports and exports for the first time in the history of the country exceeded two billions of dollars. The exports are greater than they have ever been before, the total for the fiscal year 1900 being $1,394,483,082, an increase over 1899 of $167,459,780, an increase over 1898 of $163,000,752, over 1897 of $343,489,526, and greater than 1896 by $511,876,144.

The growth of manufactures in the United States is evidenced by the fact that exports of manufactured products largely exceed those of any previous year, their value for 1900 being $433,851,756, against $339,592,146 in 1899, an increase of 28 per cent.

Agricultural products were also exported during 1900 in greater volume than in 1899, the total for the year being $835,858,123, against $784,776,142 in 1899.

The imports for the year amounted to $849,941,184, an increase over 1899 of $152,729,695. This increase is largely in materials for manufacture, and is in response to the rapid development of manufacturing in the United States.

I recommend that the Congress of the present session reduce the internal revenue taxes imposed to meet the expenses of the war with Spain in the sum of thirty millions of dollars. This reduction should be secured by the remission of those taxes which experience has shown to be most burdensome to the industries of the people.

American vessels during the past three years have carried about 9 per cent. of our exports and imports. In again urging immediate action by the Congress on measures to promote American shipping and foreign trade, I direct attention to the recommendations on the subject in previous messages, and particularly to the opinion expressed in the Message of 1899:

I am satisfied the judgment of the country favors the policy of aid to our merchant marine, which will broaden our commerce and markets and upbuild our sea-carrying capacity for the products of agriculture and manufacture, which, with the increase of our navy, mean more work and wages to our countrymen, as well as a safeguard to American interests in every part of the world.

In my last Annual Message to the Congress I called attention to the necessity for early action to remedy such evils as might be found in connection with combinations of capital organized into trusts, and again invite attention to my discussion of the subject at that time, which concluded with these words: It is apparent that uniformity of legislation upon this subject in the several States is much to be desired. It is to be hoped that such uniformity, founded in a wise and just discrimination between what is injurious and what is useful and necessary in business operations, may be obtained, and that means may be found for the Congress, within the limitations of its constitutional power, so to supplement an effective code of State legislation as to make a complete system of laws throughout the United States adequate to compel a general observance of the salutary rules to which I have referred.

The whole question is so important and far-reaching that I am sure no part of it will be lightly considered, but every phase of it will have the studied deliberation of the Congress, resulting in wise and judicious action.

Restraint upon such combinations as are injurious, and which are within Federal jurisdiction, should be promptly applied by the Congress.

In my last annual message I dwelt at some length upon the condition of affairs in the Philippines. While seeking to impress upon you that the grave responsibility of the future government of those islands rests with the Congress of the United States, I abstained from recommending at that time a specific and final form of government for the territory actually held by the United States forces and in which as long as insurrection continues the military arm must necessarily be supreme. I stated my purpose, until the Congress shall have made known the formal expression of its will, to use the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the statutes to uphold the sovereignty of the United States in those distant islands as in all other places where our flag rightfully floats, placing, to that end, at the disposal of the army and navy all the means which the liberality of the Congress and the people have provided. No contrary expression of the will of the Congress having been made, I have steadfastly pursued the purpose so declared, employing the civil arm as well toward the accomplishment of pacification and the institution of local government within the lines of authority and law.

Progress in the hoped for direction has been favorable. Our forces have successfully controlled the greater part of the islands, overcoming the organized forces of the insurgents and carrying order and administrative regularity to all quarters. What opposition remains is for the most part scattered, obeying no concerted plan of strategic action, operating only by the methods common to the traditions of guerrilla warfare, which, while ineffective to alter the general control now established, are still sufficient to beget insecurity among the populations that have felt the good results of our control and thus delay the conferment upon them of the fuller measures of local self-government, of education, and of industrial and agricultural development which we stand ready to give them.

I renew the recommendation made in my special message of February 10th, 1899, as to the necessity for cable communicasion between the United States and Hawaii, with extension to Manila.

The present strength of the army is 100,000 men—65,000 regulars and 35,000 volunteers. Under the act of March 2d, 1899, on the 30th of June next the present volunteer force will be discharged and the regular army will be reduced to 2,447 officers and 29,025 enlisted men.

In 1888 a Board of Officers convened by President Cleveland adopted a comprehensive scheme of coast-defence fortifications, which involved the outlay of something over one hundred million dollars. This plan received the approval of the Congress, and since then regular appropriations have been made and the work of fortification has steadily progressed.

More than sixty millions of dollars have been invested in a great number of forts and guns, with all the complicated and scientific machinery and electric appliances necessary for their use. The proper care of this defensive machinery requires men trained in its use. The number of men necessary to perform this duty alone is ascertained by the War Department, at a minium allowance, to be 18,420.

There are fifty-eight military posts in the United States other than the coast-defence fortifications.

The number of these posts is being constantly increased by the Congress. More than $32,000,000 have been expended in building and equipment, and they can only be cared for by the regular army. The posts now in existence and others to be built provide for accommodations for, and if fully garrisoned require, 26,000 troops. Many of these posts are along our frontier or at important strategic points, the occupation of which is necessary.

We have in Cuba between 5,000 and 6,000 troops. For the present our troops in that island cannot be withdrawn or materially diminished, and certainly not until the conclusion of the labors of the constitutional convention now in session and a government provided by the new constitution shall have been established and its stability assured.

In Porto Rico we have reduced the gaerisons to 1,636, which include 879 native troops. There is no room for further reduction here.

We will be required to keep a considerable force in the Philippine Islands for some time to come. From the best information obtainable we will need there for the immediate future from 45,000 to 60,000 men. I am sure the number may be reduced as the insurgents shall come to acknowledge the authority of the United States, of which there are assuring indications.

It must be apparent that we will require an army of about 60,000, and that during present conditions in Cuba and the Philippines the President should have authority to increase the force to the present number of 100,000. Included in this number authority should be given to raise native troops in the Philippines up to 15,000, which the Taft Commission believe will be more effective in detecting and suppressing guerillas, assassins and ladrones than our own soldiers.

The President alludes to the rapid growth of the postal service as a sure index of the great and increasing business activity of the country. The rural free delivery and its extension is commended. Satisfactory settlement of the long pending question of manufacture of armor-plate has been made; recommendations for new vessels for the navy and for additional officers and men are approved. There has been marked progress he says in the development of the Hawaiian islands.

JIM-CROW CAR LAW.

U. S. Supreme Court's Decision in a Case from Kentucky—Affirming the Constitutionality of the Law.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 3.—The Kentucky State law requiring railroad companies in that State to provide separate coaches for colored passengers was made the subject of an opinion in the United States Supreme Court today, the case being that of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company vs. the State of Kentucky. It came to this court from the Kentucky Court of Appeals. The opinion was handed down by Justice Brown, and the Kentucky court's judgment in favor of the State was affirmed. Justice Brown stated that in this case the railroad company had attacked the statute on the ground that it was unconstitutional, in that it is an interference with interstate commerce. Without replying specifically to this objection the justice said there is a sufficient compliance with the law if a separate coach for local colored passengers is attached to a train while passing through the State. The Court of Appeals of Kentucky had itself, he said, relieved this court of the necessity of passing upon the question as to whether the law required a separate coach for interstate passengers of color.

Justice Harlan dissented, stating his opinion to be that the law is an interference with interstate commerce and also taking the position that the Kentucky Legislature has no right to classify citizens by color in railway coaches.

THE ARMY BILL.

Will Probably Be Rushed Through the House This Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 3.—Secretary Boot's bill for the reorganization of the army was introduced to-day by Chairman Hull, of the House Military Committee and at once referred to that committee. The measure will probably be reported to-morrow, and Mr. Hull expects the House will pass it this week. The committee to-day adopted an anti-canteen amendment, offered by Mr. Hay, of Virginia, prohibiting the sale of liquor on military property, transports, etc.

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For sale by druggists—price 50¢ per bottle.

CONGRESS AGAIN IS IN SESSION.

Senate and House Met and Received the Message of the President.

NO BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

New Senator from Vermont Sworn In. Death of Senator Gear and Senator Davis Announced--Both Houses Adjourned Out of Respect.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 3.—In the Senate to-day the work of the short session of the Fifty-sixth Congress was successfully launched. The arranged purpose of the Senate to announce the death of Senators Gear of Iowa and Davis of Minnesota, immediately after assembling and then to adjourn and receive the message of the President to-morrow was put aside in order to gain one day in a session when that much time may be of immense importance.

Aside from the reading of the message and the administration of the oath of office to Wm. P. Dillingham, the new Senator from Vermont, who succeeds the late Justin S. Morrill, no important business was transacted. The other new member of the body, former Representative Jonathan P. Dolliver, who succeeds the late Senator Gear of Iowa, was present. He will be sworn in to-morrow.

The scene in the Senate chamber was unusually brilliant From the ceiling the chamber was bathed in a subdued but lovely light and the air was heavy with the fragrance of magnificent floral pieces. After President pro tem. Frye brought down his gavel at 12 o'clock, declaring the session opened, the venerable blind chaplain, Rev. Mr. Milburn, invoked divine blessing, paying tribute to the memory of the Senators Gear and Davis.

Senator Proctor, of Vermont, presented Mr. Dillingham's credentials and the latter was administered the oath by President pro tem. Frye. The House was then notified that the Senate was ready to proceed to business and Senators Hoar and Cockrell were appointed to join representatives of the House in formally informing the President that Congress was in session, the usual resolution fixing 12 o'clock noon each day as the hour of meeting was adopted, and a recess of forty minutes taken to await the return of the committee sent to wait upon the President.

On re-convening a communication from the House gave notice it was ready for business.

Mr. Hoar, for the committee, then reported that the President had expressed his pleasure that Congress once more was in session and that he would communicate with it forthwith. Instantly Major Pruden, assistant secretary to the President, was recognized and presented the awaited message of the President. Secretary Bennett, of the Senate, began at once the reading of the document, the reading being carefully followed and occupying one hour and fifty-four minutes.

Mr. Allison, Iowa, then announced Senator Gear's death and offered the usual resolution of sorrow. Senator Nelson, (Minnesota), who had but just returned from the funeral of his colleague, Senator Cuseman K. Davis, announced formally the death of Senator Davis.

The Senate then, at 3.45, upon motion of Mr. Allison, as an additional mark of respect for the memory of Senator Gear and Davis, adjourned.

House of Representatives.

Girded by over allowing galleries, bathed in light from the stained windows overhead, the hall of the House of Representatives presented a brilliant spectacle when Speaker David Bremmer Henderson called the second session of the fifty-sixth Congress to order at noon to-day. The desks of half the members were decorated with flowers. The wealth and beauty of the capital, gowned in smart winter frocks, were in the galleries. The floral pieces were of infinite variety. The great proportion were on the Republican side.

As the hands of the clock opposite the Speaker's desk pointed to noon the Speaker ascended the rostrum and called the House to order. Then the blind chaplain lifted up his voice in prayer. The chaplain referred feelingly to the deaths of the late Representatives Daly, of New Jersey and Hoffeeker, of Delaware, which occurred during the recess. After the prayer the clerk called the roll. The confusion became so great that the clerk could not hear the responses and the Speaker was obliged several times to call for order. The usual notifications were received from the Senate that it was ready for business and had appointed Senators to wait on the President.

The Speaker announced that 275 members had responded to their names; a quorum, and the House was ready for business.

A recess was taken until 2 o'clock. On re-assembling Mr. Payne announced that the President would communicate immediately in writing. Thereupon Major Pruden, one of the President's secretaries, announced the message, which by the direction of the Speaker was immediately laid before the House. The reading of the message was listened to attentively. It occupied two hours and ten minutes. There were no demonstrations during the reading.

The deaths of the late Representative Hoffecker, of Delaware, the late Representative Daly, of New Jersey, the late Senator Gear, of Iowa, and the late Senator Davis, of Minnesota, were announced and after the adoption of resolutions of regret the House, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased statesmen, at 4.20 P. M. adjourned.

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The busiest and migtiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain fag into metal power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c. per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY. †

Potatoes, Potatoes.

25 Bushels Nice Yam Potatoes.

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100,000 War Eagle and Old Glory Cheroots.
Car Hoop Iron.
Car Wire Nails and Car Cut Nails. All sizes.
Nice line Xmas Candies.
Firecrackers. Raisins. C. C. Nuts. Nice Baldwin Apples.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS,
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One Old Mahogany Book Case, one Bedstead, one Rose Wood Piano. For sale cheap at VanAmringe's Auction House. dec 4 1t*

For Rent—Second Floor in building No. 401, northwest corner Front and Walnut streets. Also, Second Floor in building No. 403, next to the northwest corner of Front and Walnut streets. Each floor contains five rooms, kitchen and bath. For terms apply to B. H. J. Ahrens. nov 25 tf

Fruit Trees, raised in Rock Hill Nursery, Duplin county, and acclimated to Eastern N. C. Will deliver in Wilmington. Apples and Peaches at $1.50 per dozen. Figs, 15c; Grapes, 20c each. E. D. Pearsall, Rocky Point, N. C. Nov. 23rd, 1900. nov 24 5t

Wanted, Manager—Old established mercantile house wants honest, capable man to manage branch. Salary $125 month, extra commissions. No soliciting required, but must take general direction business and be ambitious. Good references and $300 cash required. Experience as manager not necessary if qualified in other respects. Opportunity, Drawer 74, New Haven, Conn. nov 15 1m*

5,000,000 choice cabbage plants and 1,000 barrels smooth Irish Potatoes for sale cheap by W. P. Baugham, Proprietor Cottage Grove and Honey Pod Truck Farm, Washington, N. C. Rush orders along. nov 18 2m

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Ludden & Bates', S. M. H., 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 599. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

For Sale—Buggies and Harness. Repairing of all kinds done. Call and examine goods. P. H. Hayden. au 21 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 93. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 9 tf

Just to Remind You.

Christmas is less than five weeks off,

to say nothing of intervening holidays. Whether one's list of gifts for the holidays be long or short, time and consideration are needed for proper selection. Our patrons are reminded of the near approach of Christmas and of the facilities NOW OFFERED for the deliberate examination of our stock.

It is a pleasure to choose from a stock like ours,

because it contains everything that is new and unique in Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, Salad Sets, Lamps, Jardiniers, Fern Dishes, Vases, etc., to say nothing of our very pretty pieces in Libbey's Cut Glass.

Will you let us Fill that order?

O. P. Cazaux & Co.

nov 25 tf

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Rust Proof Oats for seed.

Very fine Quality N. C.

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All sorts of best quality. Heavy Groceries.

LOW FOR CASH.
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Very Gentle. Very Handsome.

A lot of Band Instruments.

One Cornet. Four Altos. Two Tenors Drum. Cymbals, etc.

S. W. SANDERS.

P. S.—My stock of Fancy Groceries. And we are busy.

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VIRGINIA WATER GROUND MEAL.
FLOUR, all grades in barrels and bags.
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CAKES AND CRACKERS of all kinds.
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TWINE, NAILS AND COTTON TIES.

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Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

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nov 15 1m Conetoe, N. C.

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Capital Stock $30,000

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Double Sole, Vici Kid and Box Calf.
The very thing for Winter wear.
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Ever Exhibited in Wilmington.

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Xmas Suits

Are next in order

and if you would have your Suit done in time you had best leave your measure at once, as our Tailoring Department is crowded. We have a few Novelties in Imported Suitings to show you, and the price as well as the goods will catch you.

Ascots, Puffs, Four-In-Hands, Club Ties—in fact, all the latest fads in Neckwear. Men's Furnishing Goods of every description.

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dec 2 tf

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

Interest for the quarter ending December 1st is now due and payable at the Wilmington Savings and Trust Co. Depositors are requested to bring in their books and have the interest added. New deposits received now, or before January 1st, will begin to bear interest from the NEW YEAR. Can you make a better New Century beginning than by starting a savings fund with us?

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C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. dec 2 tf

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We will fit Mamma and the Misses, as well as the Boys and Girls, with elegant, durable and comfortable Shoes at prices that no one can touch, when quality is considered.

Our Boys' famous

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WE DON'T ASK FOR THE CASH.

Just send us your Cotton, Spirits, Rosin, Tar, Eggs, Chickens, Turkeys, Cattle, Timber, Potatoes, Peas, Pork, and all Country Produce. We have time to sell it and we keep up with markets, get your goods cheap and sell your Produce for best prices.

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Grape Fruit,
Pineapples, Pears,
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Bananas, Figs, Dates.

All kinds Nuts and Candies.

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